THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear. I then the full grain in the ear"

The Monitor's view

America's unfinished dream

patriotism or a tune on a fife and drum. It was a sense of individual and political freedom rooted in religious convictions that shine through the documents of America's founding. How can the sustaining religious impetus of the Revolutionary years be fittingly honored after two centuries in which the United States has not only contributed greatly to the world's religious thought but has seen a decline of religious observance in American

Though a churchmen's meeting on the subject has just been in the news, the question goes beyond formal religion to the moral and ethical values implied or denied by the way Americans live - as churchmen are the first to recognize. And, of course, such a question applies not only to the United States but to all countries where citizens recognize a need to bring national and personal conduct into harmony with bedrock ideals.

Only part of America's answer lies in the bicentennial religious concerts, historical projects, and other celebrations being planned. The use of talents to kindle religious feelings reaches back long before the praise of God as "Infinite Goodness" in a Bunker Hill song popular during the Revolutionary War. The religious impact of bicentennial sacred performances will match the inspiration backstage, onstage, and in the audience.

But the religious sources of American ideals will best be honored through their manifestation in American life - and in individual American lives. To explore this sort of "celebration," American church leaders recently attended a two-day "bicentennial consultation" in Washington. They discussed the quality of today's human thinking and values in a program designed to "stretch thought" for themselves.

All Americans ought to partake of what was described there as the religious community's blcentennial emphasis on "rethinking who we are as a people and examining our ethical and moral values to see where we really want to

Such a thrust is in line with what the vicar of Boston's Old North Church said so eloquently when he asked President Ford to light a third lantern to go with the original two, which "led us to two centuries of some progress in reason, in liberty, and in faith - but not enough; to some fulfillment in mind, body, spirit — but not enough; to some gains in thinking, acting, and trusting in freedom —

The third lentern was a signal to make the American promise a reality — from a church which, long before 1776, practiced freedom in keeping with the text from Isaiah for its first sermon in 1723: "Mine house shall be called an house of prayer for all people."

Working to make the American promise a reality is one way to ensure that the contributions of America's rich diversity of religion do not become watered down into what churchmen cail a "civic religion" - more a soft sentiment of patriotism and vague goodwill

orture in Chile

nternal and international pressure to bring a halt to torture and to the other violations of human rights reported by the United Nations, Organization of American States, and other odies whose representatives have visited

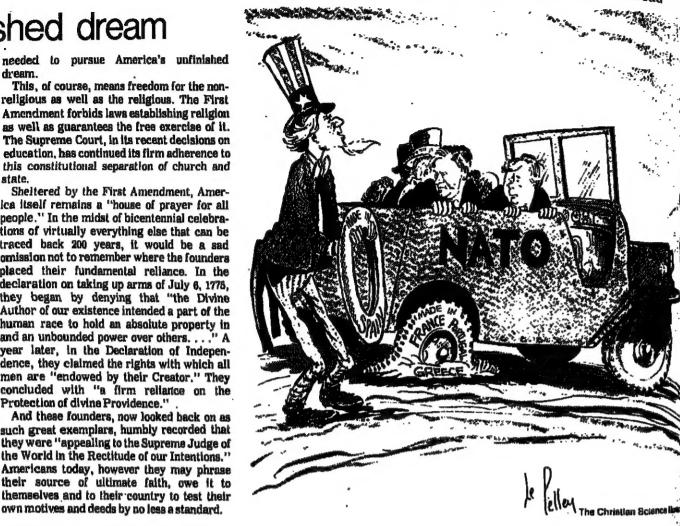
Recently the presidents of Harvard, MIT, and Brandeis University, along with more than 50 other American academic figures, joined in a statement of concern about rights in Chile: "This is a matter of fundamental decency which affects international public opinion and Chile's relationship with other nations," Since then Roman Catholic authorities in Chile have been drawn into protecting a wounded political victim of torture - and potentially into confrontation with the mililary over the case. This episode enhances international standards of humanity.

religious as well as the religious. The First Amendment forbids laws establishing religion as well as guarantees the free exercise of it. The Supreme Court, in its recent decisions on education, has continued its firm adherence to

Sheltered by the First Amendment, America itself remains a "house of prayer for all people." In the midst of bicentennial celebrations of virtually everything else that can be traced back 200 years, it would be a sad omission not to remember where the founders placed their fundamental reliance. In the declaration on taking up arms of July 6, 1778, they began by denying that "the Divine Author of our existence intended a part of the human race to hold an absolute property in and an unbounded power over others. . . . " A year later, in the Declaration of Independence, they claimed the rights with which all men are "endowed by their Creator." They

Protection of divine Providence." And these founders, now looked back on as such great exemplars, humbly recorded that they were "appealing to the Supreme Judge of the World in the Rectitude of our Intentions.' Americans today, however they may phrase their source of ultimate faith, owe it to themselves and to their country to test their own motives and deeds by no less a standard.

Monday. June 9, 191 'Hey, I found a spare tire lying beside the road'



Nuclear danger—and hope

No global problem is more urgent than declaration on the bas controlling the spread of nuclear weapons and energy. Yet the recent month-long review of such issues in Geneva has been given little attention. And bottom-inside-page headlines have stressed the dissatisfaction of parties to the conference rather than the significant and hopeful consensus which emerged.

Everyone, of course, has to be dissatisfied until the goals of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) have been achieved—a comprehensive test-ban treaty, for example. Countries without nuclear weapons naturally will be dissatisfied to stay that way unless the countries with nuclear weapons show that they are willing to control themselves.

But the situation remains complex, with nuclear powers China and France standing spart from NPT. And dissatisfaction with the lack of swift solutions must not blind the world to the progress that has been attained and that ought to be encouraged.

It is such progress that can assure NPT members they were right to join, while providing incentives for others to sign up - as three more nations did during the conference itself, bringing the total to 95.

Chile's military government faces growing skepticism about the new governmental rules designated to prevent abuses of power, as announced a month ago by President Augusto Pinochet Ugarte.

Earlier some of Chile's largest creditor nations in Western Europe served notice that they would not renegotlate debt payments until progress had been made in respecting human rights. It can only be hoped that this and other pressures for reform will take effect before the abuses multiply,

The world's heart goes out to victims epression, whether by the left or right Americans, concerned by their government's secret role in opposition to the previous Chilean regime, have a special responsibility in encouraging the present one to live up to

itself an achievement, thanks in no small port safeguarding the peaceful uses of nuclear to chairman Inga Thorsson of Sweden. She said the Soviet and American superpowers which in a sense hold all the cards - were very cooperative and forthcoming. The United States delegation returned to Washington feeling that, all things considered, the conference had been a success.

The conference rightly expressed concorn that the arms race "continues unabated." It called on the nuclear states to "take the lead" in reaching "early" solutions of the "technical and political difficulties" in the comprehensive test-ban issue. Though falling short of stating a deadline, this was a step of commitment to be lived up to — and watched over - between now and the next NPT review

On peaceful uses of nuclear energy there was wide satisfaction with cooperative steps toward safeguards such as regional fuel eprocessing plants (to avoid giving control to single nations). Also NPT states were to receive preferential treatment in nuclear aid from the developed nuclear powers - a point to which the U.S. acceded though without agreeing to withhold aid from non-NPT states

direction. It must continue - keeping the stands for. To stop and reverse this highest goals in mind rather than succumbing to the temptation to accept lesser ones because the struggle remains hard.

Cinema cruelty

It is bad enough to seek entertainment in the graphic simulated violence wreaked on willing movie actors. It is outrageous when the violence is actual and is imposed on dumb animals. Filmgoers — and filmmakers ought to listen when the American Humane Association protests the treatment of animals in pictures such as the current biggle, "The Day of the Locust," and the Teddy Roosevelt epic recently previowed by President Ford.

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Readers write

History's warm

Thirty years ago your published probably relebrating the end of the fourope, the war which ended by what be called "the allied liberation of Cast vakiu." We, members of an ad hocoms of American college and university print of Czech and Slovak origin, wish is today to share with us a few rel prompted by that anniversary.

In recent times we have been incress disturbed to see the lessons of past being fast unlearned and decired being Czechs and Slovaks have develored and second a personal second second a personal second secon periences. Let us expressioned confrankly. Let them serve as motes of tion to the unwritten by from between our peoples back in Crecinit

We have been observing will de stendy erosion of American positions in the world. We have been at the rise of those incredible doubted legitimacy of causes which the we believe, of supreme urgenty, further retreats might eventually United States to the ultimate limits ance, and at that point the war w

much could become a real post This is not the place to spell out in views on every single locus of crist, desirable ways of handling each of the morally state our convictor is firmhese, your confidence in the rule of the United States, your sit cause of independence and freed where are the best guaranters of particular and the state of the cause of the world. Despite all current denigrational States, despite all its fall incitical mistakes, this county of incitical mistakes in the incitical mista yours carries a major part of responsibility for its future.

WEEKLY INTERNATIONAL EDITION

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Europe assesses communism's gains

Political communism is dreaded in Washington and other Western capitals even more than military communism because it is hander to figure out how to meet and repel it. Last Vostern statesmen seemed to come uncomfortably closer to precisely what they have for so long dreaded.

The new worry came in the form of a jump in the communist vote in Italy's local and regional elections. Western Europe has been France as well. This time the communist vote in Italy went up to a third — 33.7 percent. And this rise pulled the Christian Domocrats down from a previous 38.4 percent to 35 percent.

If this were an isolated phenomenon even Washington might have managed to take it in its stride. But it comes on top of recent events in Portugal where a small communist minority seems to be exercising undue and dangerous leverage in the Armed Forces Movement which is more or less in political control

And although there is no direct communist factor in events in Turkey, there happens also to be trouble at that end of NATO's southern flank. The Turks are talking of closing down some of the American military bases there and probably will if the U.S. Congress continues to insist on an arms embargo

All of this combines to turn the northern horse of the Mediterranean into the main came of concern to Western leaders and statesmen. Hence, that sharp rise in the communist vote in Italy was a distressing jolt which caused some reporters in Washington to start speculating about the possibility of an American military withdrawal from Italy.

However, such panic talk is massively premature. Also it is precisely the kind of thing that tends to encourage what it fears. To

keep these developments in perspective the following points should be noted:

The communists' vote in Italy went up, yes But they still have only a third of the votes and that only in regional elections, not in a national election. There is no reason to believe that in the next national election the communists will get more votes than the Christian Democrats. More probably the communists' vote will drop off in a national election. Their success in last weekend's voting was heavily due to the recent contrast between corruption at high levels combined with stifling bureaucracy and the austere officiency of government in cities which the communists have been running for several years.

Even if the communists did force their way into the government by becoming the largest Italian party they would not necessarily be under Moscow discipline. No one can be sure of how they would behave in office, but Italian communism has deviated on many important points from the Moscow brand.

The Italian party did not approve of the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia. It has sent delegates to the European Community's parement which meets in Strasbourg although Moscow has opposed all movements which point to the unification of Western Europe. It laims that it would not want to take Italy out

Back 25 years ago when communism first seemed to be threatening to expand into Vestern Europe it came to be assumed that all ommunist parties were under Moscow discipline. From this it was assumed that any communist party which got into government would use its position to further the purposes of Moscow. And 25 years ago there was every reason to believe that this was a sound

However, there have been massive changes in communism since then. Chinese communism has broken radically from Moscow. The



Cienched-fist salute from young Italian communist celebrating party gains

'Coalition is a dirty word'

By Francis Renny

Trigger words sweep in and out of lashion in British politics. What they are supposed to trigger is a storm of unthinking hostility. Not long ago the most prejudiced word was "elitist," though no one ever explained why it was so wicked to be one of the best.

Then the wind changed; any particularly powerful and well-almed criticism medel by an oliponent was denounced as "nysterical." Today the trigger word being used by the Labour left in an effort to save their foundiaring dreams is "coalitionist,".

Actually a good many British.

that matters are now so grave that will be country. It is also be that only so alliance of right-wing Labourithe Liberals and the left and center of the Conservatives can command the strength inside and outside Parliament to put through the measures that must be adopted. These would include an end to subsidized rent. food and public services, and drastle cuts in health. ation and welfare programs. One result would almost certainly be greatly increased unemployment which in Britain is now run-

ning at barely a third the American level. Professional observers of the parliamentary scene doubt whether there will be a formal

Smith braced for rail cut-off Rhodesia will move goods through South Africa: if Mozambique cuts access to sea

By Henry S. Hayward Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Landlocked Rhodesia is as ready as it can get for Mozambique to cut it off from the sea if that it what the former Portuguese colony

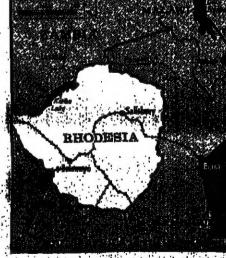
bique to close its borders to Rhodesian rail traffic en route to and from the Indian Ocean

aginly through South Africa. The trouble is that Prime Mintster John

Vorster's South Africa is not pleased at the sudden prospect of handling virtually all of Rhodesia's trade over rail lines, roads, and ports already operating at near maximum

enough all to get by temporarily and to have made arrangements to obtain more through South Africa for its basic needs. "We can get by even if Mozambique ports

are closed to us," a Salisbury resident dethree-party administration. They think it clared, what we don't understand is how more likely that Labour Prime Minister Mozembique expects to get by without our *Please turn to Page 10 trade. Zambia also will be hard hit by the



closure, if it comes. And Malawi may be affected, too. Black African countries, in short, are likely

to be adversely affected by a tightened blockade of Rhodesia. For Rhodesia and South Africa are major food suppliers to their black African neighbors, Rhodesia alone exports 11 million tons of grain to black nations whose food production has declined in recent years!

*Please turn to Page 14

EEC to press for Middle East peace

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

European leaders are prepared to talk tough to Israel, in an effort to ward off another Arab-Israell war that might divide the U.S. from its key European allies,

When [Israeli Premier Yitzhak] Rabin visits Born next month," said a West German official, the will be told — you must make a deal with Egyptian President! Sadat. He is your last hope."

Oil, and the desire to be excluded from any future Arab oil embargo, lie at the heart of West German concern, echoed by other members of the nine-nation European Economic Community (EEC).

"We must have that oil" said a German diplomat, noting that the highly industrialized EEC gets the bulk of its oil from Arab wells.

Already the EEC and the Arab League are well advanced in talks, so far at the expert level, to foster economic and other forms cooperation between Western Europe and

"We had no idea," said a high-rank European source, following talks with Arofficials, "how much they want our technology and know how."

pose, a West German official was asked. Arab oil producers boycott the U.S. -- as they

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Communists who aim to rule Britain

Armita de la companya della companya della companya de la companya de la companya della companya

Over the years the Communist Party has made little headway with British voters. But today Communists hold key posts in some of the country's most powerful trade unions, a cause for growing concern in an economy where the unions call

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FOCUS

Portugal's middle-class exodus

By Helen Gibson

When the Garretts, descendants of the famous Portuguese poet, Almeida Garrett, came home to their 900-acre farm after a day trip to Lisbon last month, they found soldiers barring their way. The lieutenant in charge told them the farm now belonged to workers and the soldiers, and that he would later advise the Garretts whether they would be allowed to pick up their personal belongings.

Now the Garretts are leaving revolutionary Portugal for Brazil - part of an upperand-middle-class exodus involving all kinds of people, from landowners to waiters, in numbers estimated to reach into the

"Everyone we know — doctors, lawyers. architects — they're all leaving for Brazil, No one feels sure about the future of this country," said Mrs. Maria Garrett, "Now our farm has been occupied, we're leaving.

(Brazil was settled by Portuguese and is

Portuguese-speaking.)
The trouble at the Garrett farm had started the previous month when teen-age temporary workers had demanded to be made permanent. The family refused, for they had enough full-time staff. The teenagers then went to the local military unit, and a lieutenant took over. All the workers still loyal to the family were locked up,

Although COPCON, the powerful milltary security force in Lisbon, at first showed some concern over the illegal takeover - the farm was too small to come

under a new agrarian reform act - they did nothing. The next thing the Garretts heard was that their dairy cattle, their furniture, clothing, and personal belong-ings had been sold to pay the workers' wages. They also heard that the farm had lost a number of sheep and cattle because the animals had been locked in stables without food or water for several days forgotten while the workers and soldiers talked politics.

"I had hoped to be able to retrieve some of our things," said Mrs. Garrett. "Now all I want to do is to leave the country. My husband has gone to pieces - he built the farm up from nothing 25 years ago."

A recent editorial in the weekly Expresso, one of the few remaining newspapers that is free of Communist control and that ever criticizes the government, lamented over the "thousands of technicians that are about to reestablish themselves in Europe, the United States, Canada, and Brazil,

Joining them are hundreds of businessmen purged from middle and upper management in insurance companies, banks, factories, and commercial enterprises, who have been blacklisted and unable to get further jobs. They are leaving the country to the strains of the latest popular song, the lyric of which goes, "Come on. let's beat up the bosses."

But it is not only the professionals and sinessmen who are leaving.

A headwaiter at Sancho's, a popular downtown restaurant, says he is arranging his documents for emigration to Canada.

He had invested his savings in a few he in the business, but says he now know to lose them all to be able to long to

"With the way things are given restaurant will be closed in three way time," he said bitterly. "But it workers have it and try to rail it.

Union troubles recently closedally restaurants, and cafeterias for a days, and the government form owners to sign up large incress staffs. Now that a dishwasher cash a month and waiters between 170 min many hotels and restaurant simply cannot afford to stay in The owner of a tourist hotel in Algarve coastal region tolder guests that he had had to bus from the government in order in

payment of the previous months But at Sancho's, the walters that are not happy about the situation. "It's all very well for the unloads

for pay increases, but if the rain closes, we'll have no jobs, and with be able to get new ones," one said Unemployment is the topic dia

worried conversations in Portugia now. The government acknowled percent, but economists say this iste on incomplete statistics and planti nearer 15 to 20 percent.

"I'm told," said the waiter, "the la get a good job in Brazil."

Why are all these people leaving a the Expresso editorial. Became di "menace of unemployment, the purpli general uncertainty about the fulunt inuncial difficulties of many firm, i cal reasons. We won't get them tosig! adds, "until we hurry up and dedic what our future economic policies and until we can give these people a incentives to do so."

Azores in breakaway bid

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

A separatist movement in the Azores, spurred by islandwide poverty and discontent with the Portuguese revolutionary govern-ment, is demanding a break with Portugal and union with the United States - to the embarrassment of both Lisbon and Washing-

There already are strong links between the United States and the Azores — 1,000 miles out in the Atlantic — mainly because there are more Azoreans in the U.S. than on the islands.

The Azoreans have been emigrating in droves to the U.S., and particularly New England, over since the early 19th century, when whalers from such ports as New Bedford, Massachusetts, called at the islands to replenish their stores and take on extra hands. At the end of the century, Azoreans provided cheap labor for the New England cotton mills.

Today, native-born Portuguese, mostly from the Azores, and Americans of Portuguese descent, number about 550,000 in New England, Another 300,000 live in California. The total population of the Azores amounts to only some 350,000.

Apart from social links, the Azores depend heavily on the emigrants in the United States for income. These send about a million dollars a year home to rolatives on the islands.

Another major revenue-producer for the Azores is the U.S. Air Force and Navy base at Laies Field on Tercelra Island. Terceira, nicknamed "the Rock" or "Alcatraz" by USAF personnel, has the base to thank for being the richest of all the islands and the only one whose economy comes close to being self-

With some 2.000 military personnel, 500 American civilian employees, and about 25,000 dependents, Lajes Field employs some 2,000 Portuguese civilians. Besides wages, American personnel annually spend about a million dollars from their own pockets on the islands and the U.S. Government has been pouring about \$8 million a year into Terceira as an added (Illip.

For centuries the Azores have been the neglected stepchild of Portugal - backward. poor and forgotten,

Initial hopes that the Portuguese revolution would change things have not been fulfilled. The islanders' main complaint is that the

UDA vows war if IRA attacks

Special correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

If Britain withdraws its troops from Northern Ireland, the main Protestant private army here, the Ulater Defense Association, is fully prepared to take over the province.

The UDA's choice for Northern Ireland's

military overlord is a quiet-spoken, burly, proudly blue-collar father of three 7 Andy

Supreme Commander of the LID or sipper July, 1973, Mr. Tyrie also is chairman of the newly formed Ulster Army Council (UAC) military groups under a single umbrella. The DAC claims it can field 20,000 front-line men under a single command — under Andy Tyrie.

Mr. Tyrie confidently told me in an interview that the UDA has the men, the equipment, and the expertise to launch an indepen-dent. Ulster if necessary. He is equally donfident that he can continue to lead the UDA in any future role without giving up his bluecollar way of life.

He predicted that Ulster's new constitutional convention would break down, and that the Provisional IRA would restart its terrorist attacks in September. At that point - but not before - the UDA would end its own cease-fire and retaliate with an all-out antiterrorist drive, he said.

Andy Tyrie was in effect the man running Northern Ireland for two weeks in May, 1974, when the British-backed local administration

restored order, feelings; among the islands continue to run high. When five NATO warships docked in San Miguel harbor the sallors found themselves being slipped pamphlets reading: "Help us. We want to be free."

He laughs off warnings that independence

prices they are paid for their farm products

Antigovernment demonstrators earlier this

are much lower than those given farmers in

month forced the left-wing civilian Governor,

Borges Coutinho, to resign after taking over

the local radio station and blocking the airport

runways with stailed cars, Although troops

Portugal itself.

would bring bankruptcy and civil war to Northern Ireland. He says the successful strike a year ago proved that the UDA can control the province. Today, he says, "We have an awful lot of our people within the police and army reserves, and as with a civil-war situation in America, the national guard would likely take the side of the majority."

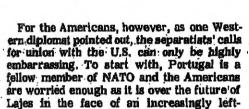
The dismisses the threst of economic disaster even more lightly. The librals a sufficient advisers say Northern I feeling could propper without the much publicised. 2300 million

without the much publicized 2300 million

Government, Mr. Tyrie denies any lust for power. He heads what he calls "a militant anti-terrorist organization" because he thinks it is needed at this time. He still hopes a workable political settlement will emerge from somewhere.
To help find a settlement, Mr. Tyrie risked

his own position last July by approving direct talks with the IRA. He again risked losing his following by sending UDA delegations to Dublin for talks with the Irish Government and to Libya for talks with Col. Muammar al-Qaddafi, a source of IRA arms...

Mr. Tyris first became involved in Ireland's sectarian conflict eight years ago when he joined a Protestant Catholic peace group, then saw some of the Catholic members attacking the local police station one evening and soon learned they were members of the



The Portuguese Government has made it clear it is not amused by Azorean calls for

leaning government in Lisbon.

"While we realize that the Azores have not always had fair treatment, there are other

regions in Portugal that have suffered the same way," Information Minister Jorge Correla Jesuino told foreign newsmen last week. "This is no reason to ask for independence, I is completely inadmissible. The Azores are part of Portugal; just as Texas is of the United

The prestigious weekend Lisbon newspaper Expresso blamed the situation on a clumsy central government too far away to diagnose and correct local difficulties, It suggested the islands be given greater freedom to run their own affairs, but said this should stop short of

British tank ousts German in Anglo-Iranian arms deal

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Britain's billion-dollar arms deal with Egypt spotlights intense competition among Western nations to sell munitions to the so-called third world, especially to the Middle East.

The Egyptians have said they have another billion dulars to spend of a wins in Western

Europe, probably to be split between Britain and France! Last year France edged out Britain as the

third largest exporter of armaments in the World. The United States is the largest (\$8.3 illion worth in 1974), followed by the Soviet Union (\$6.5 billion); and then France (\$4.5

But Britain this year has secured in addition to the Egyptian order an Iranian order for up to 800 Chieftain tanks worth more than \$1 billion. The Chieftain nosed out the West German Leopard tank, which Iran had earlier Intended to buy.

Last Vear the Middle East took 57 percent of ill arms exported during the year, according the authoritative Stockholm Peace Research institute, Aby Dhabi alone, with a population of 200,000 flook \$63 million worth, mpared to \$8 million worth the previous

Middle Eastern and other buyers flocked to

France's armaments show at Satory, west of Paris, last week, inspecting such items as an air conditioned version of the AMX-30 tank; capable of operating in temperatures up to 150.

degrees Fahrenheit. The British arms deal with Egypt, concluded in negotiations with Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy last week, covers helicopters, training and light attack aircraft, anti-jank, missies, and sophisticated elec-

Prime Minister Harold Wilson himself is said to have given political clearance to consummate the deal, which had been under discussion for months.

[Israeli Foreign Minister Yigal Allon called : in British Ambassador Sir William Ledwidge June 14 and was understood to have expressed oncern at the deal, Reuter reported.

The Egyptian purchase program has the finapolal backing of Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Qajar. These coimtries. have set up the Arab military industrialization organization, with the aim of prome munitions manufacturing enterprises in Arms lands principally in Egypt.
The Hawker-Siddeley Aircraft Corporation

and Wastland, which makes the Lynx helicag-ter in cooperation with Aerospatials of France, will at first export finished items to Egyft. But the final objective is to transfer, their military and industrial technology to the



The CIA gets its dirty linen washed

By Joseph C. Harack

The Rockefeller Commission report on mistakes committed by the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency in the past was not a whitewash. On the contrary, it uncovered and reported to the public several highly improper actions which had not been sniffed out previously by any investigating news re-

The worst examples of such newly disclosed impropriety included giving LSD to an unwitting person who subsequently jumped out of a 10th-story room to his death. Others included keeping a defector in solitary confinement for three years and "in one other case a defector was physically abused."

The major published allegations against the CIA were confirmed. There was widespread

use of the rights of America for political purposes.

This confirmation of published charges and

disclosure of more that had not been mape by reporters can, and should, be the beginning of the restoration of public confidence in the integrity of government processes in Washing-ton. It is noteworthy that many bewertspers both in the United States and abroad assumed that the Rockefeller Commission report would be a whitewash, and some rushed to a whitewash conclusion on the first day after publication. Only after reading the text was it generally realized that this was a remarkably

The principal subsequent criticisms were that the report had not expressed sufficient outrage over the mistakes it had uncovered or confirmed. Another was that it had not gone beyond its mandate which was limited to

improper activities inside the United Stales. Perhaps, But there was no whitewash, and no withholding of information damaging to the

Not all, but most of the abuses confirmed or disclosed in the report occurred after 1961 when the CIA moved from various antiquated and obscure buildings scattered around Washington into its super palace at Langley,

This was in the middle of one of the most expensive and exclusive suburban residential districts around Washington. The building looks like a junior Pentagon, and not all that junior. It is highly visible from the air and scarcely concealed from heavily traveled highways. It lost its anonymity when the move was made.

No one could weigh the extent to which life

Ill-scarces Bay of Plas strate was conceived before the move was made, but during the construction process. The widespread surveillance of American citizens by the agency, in confirmed violation of its charter, was triggered by the radical movements of the "60s which grew out of black unrest and entires protests. But it remains a fact that the CIA was largely anonymous and targets. was largely anonymous and largely noncontroversial while it was living in humble quarters. Did it share in the "arrogance of power" which marked the Johnson Nixon

Remedies proposed by the Rockefeller Commission largely deal with ways and steams of improving supervision over CIA activities.

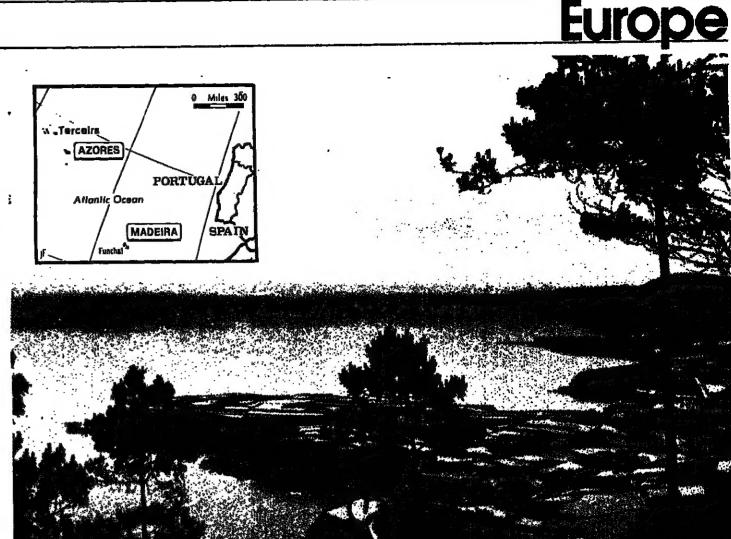
Particularly, intricating is the recommendation that in the future directors of the CIA. should be persons of "stature, independences, and titlegrift." The word "independences"

needs underlining. The report gots that this does not necessarily active from within the service. But it are "of eration should be given to individual. outside the service" and it adds that "mi ment and administrative stills are alle important as the technical equition All CIA directors up to 1988 week

from outside the CIA. They care private life (John McCore, Marketon the military series in the military series in the Heles Smith, Admiral Hieland, and Hichard Heles became the for the military and the military in the mili promoted from the ranks of he will William E. Colby, the present directly from the career CIA service.

The above abould be read again that the report finds that Preside to do things which it ought not to the The implication is that Mr. Helm. service officer, was less able to A pressure than a person from of stricted who because of persons personal wealth would have independence" to resist profit

The Rocketeller Commission but discarded a recomm the CIA's open appraisals of inforits clandestine overseas operation should consider this idea further. see how clandestine operator conducted from such an "overt" the palace at Langley. If the over separated and moved into physical the overt and vital work of it evaluation could go or at Langley the James Bood persphere guard dogs, and passes



Striking Azorean coastline: 'The Azorea are part of Portugal, just as Texas is of the United States,' Lisbon insists

KGB tightens the screws

Leonid Brezhnev: in with the army

Brezhnev skips a rank and becomes a marshal

By Paul Wohl

Written for

The Christian Science Monitor The addition of the marshal's star to Soviet party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev's array of medals and awards underscores his continued close relationship with the military.

Mr. Brezhnev's rise in the military has been steady. He was promoted from major general of military political services to lieutenant general after Stalin's passing in 1953.

Even before he became general secretary of the party in 1966, the press and military journals were full of articles which lauded his wartime services.

On April 17, at the opening of a so-called scientific conference on the 30th anniversary of the victory over Hitler's Germany, Defense Minister Andrei A. Grechko promoted Mr. Brezhnev to the rank of general of the Army -skipping the rank of colonel general.

Three weeks later, at the official celebration marking the anniversary of the end of the war, President Nikolai V. Podgorny conferred a marshal's star on Mr. Brezhnev.

The marshal's star can be conferred only on Army generals who are on active military duty. Retired generals or those who hold posts as Army inspectors are explicitly omitted from the list of those qualified to receive the

Since Mr. Brezhnev is not in active military

service, he must occupy a special the armed forces. This position in chairman of the state defense which was Stalln's position duringly chairman of that committee Sal jurisdiction in political, economic tary matters.

Although the state defense longer active (it is not ment) state agencies), it apparent wartime institution, held in a of an emergency.

Marshal Grechko, like the week ministers, has his place on the conin the Soviet tradition, the commit to be headed by a civilian with experience

When in 1966 Mr. Brezhnev same of General Secretary of the party-ic been Stalin's title, and which willing Malenkov nor Nikita Khrushchevk before him — this was interpuble attempt to play a role similar to Sum It is noted that Mr. Brezhnevish

New Year's address to the Soviet on 1974 extelled the need "for strengthm Soviet military power three times in "Believers are rotting in security prisons which went far beyond Premier Anfor manufacturing prayer books and religious literature. Secret police officials are terroriz-Knaygin's sober reference to the analy ing seminarians and students who admit in his New Year's address of 1973 whi religious beliefs."

Repression worsens

Written for

As Moscow publicly calls for increased East-

The prominent reappearance of Stalin's

name after years of official oblivion has

coincided with reports of stepped-up activity

• In April the homes of members of the

imell Moscow chapter of Amnesty Inter-

national - a London-based, human-rights

organization - were searched and KGB

agents arrested two officers. Previously the

organization had been relatively free from

. In predominantly Roman Catholic Lith-

uania terror tactics reportedly have been used

against parents of children being confirmed in

the church as well as against the publishers

and distributors of the "Chronicle of the

Lithuanian Catholic Church." The latest issue

of the chronicle to reach the United States

by the KGB security police.

harassment

The Christian Science Monitor

West detente, the last shreds of "liberalism"

are disappearing from the fabric of Soviet life.

• The "Estonian Democratic Movement" - which was thought to have been squashed by the police for some time - has surfaced again with an appeal to the United Nations Secretary-General listing four prominent Es-

tonians arrested while supposedly exercising their constitutionally guaranteed rights.

· One of the oldest shrines of Russian Orthodoxy, the 12th-century Uspensky Cathedral in Valdimir, with ikons by the famous painter Rublyov, has been barred to worshippers - allegedly because of restoration. While churchgoers, too, called for the cathedral's restoration, it would have been possible to keep part of the building open for religious services, they claim.

Protesting members of the church council were threatened with loss of their jobs. "You have a choice between working and praying." they were told by security agents.

 Vladimir N. Voinovich, a promising writer who has appeared in the prestigious Interary monthly Novy Mir and whose samizdat (underground) novel. The Life and Unusual Adventures of Soldier Chonkin" recently was published in Paris, was called in by the KGB last month and accused of having insulted the party and the KGB.

The author's contention that the repressivmeasures of the KGB mentioned in his novel took place in the Stalin era and had been condemned by the party, were brushed aside.

Mr. Voinovich was warned that if he continued writing insultingly about the KBG he might be "dead one fine day,"

On May 18 at a second KGB interrogation -Mr. Voinovich told the Russian emigre poet Naum Korzhavin over the phone -- he was handed a drugged elgarette which left him unconscious for five days.

Such tactics are reminiscent of Stalin's day.



A friendly wave from Uncle Joe: letting bygones by bygones?

With this background of renewed activity against civil and religious-rights advocates, it s significant that Stalin is being honored once again. A recent book "Leninist Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union: Development and Perpectives" referred to the late dictator as "an outstanding leader of the party and the Soviet state." The book quotes from Stalin's works which have not been mentioned for the past 10.

The book was published in a small edition, apparently aimed at a restricted circle.

Stalin also has returned to Kommunist, the Theoretical and Political Journal of the Central Committee." This year's Nos. 4 and 6 of the journal contain a collection of "New Documents of the Great Fatherland's War" (World War II) which leads off with a letter of thanks addressed to "The Chairman of the

State Defense Committee, Marshal of the Soviet Union J. Stalin."

Soviet Union

Other letters included are addressed to Statin; there is a document signed by him.

The Ukrainian Komsomol journal Ranck appeared this May with a picture of Stalin originally published in Pravda July 3, 1941. It recorded him giving his famous beginning-ofthe-war speech which opened: "Brothers and Sisters!" (for the first time, instead of

"Comrades!"). For readers who are no longer accustomed to finding the late dictator in official publications, his prominent and honorable reappearance in Kommunist is sensational.

The KGB's stepped-up activity combined with the glorification of Stalin under party auspices is hard to reconcile with the Western

Attempts to camouflage launch sites

'City-busting' supermissile spotted by U.S. spy satellite

By Kenneth W. Gatland Special to The Christian Science Monitor

The Soviet Union's success in developing the SSX-18 intercontinental ballistic missile — the world's largest military rocket — casts a long shadow over the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) which resume in Geneva.

Secret information obtained by the U.S. Air Force "Big Bird" spy satellite last winter is believed to include telephoto detail of certain Soviet launch sites which previously accommodated the older SS-9 [NATO code name Scarp] and which now have been modified to touse the larger diameter SSX-18. The American satellite's high-resolution camera is able to resolve objects on the ground of less than 18 inches across under good lighting conditions.

Other vital information has come from U.S. tracking stations which have followed the new missile on test into the Pacific. Earlier this month Pentagon sources reported that an SSX-18, launched from central Asia, ejected a "flock" of separately targeted dummy warheads. For this test — the last before the SALT talks reopen - the Soviets had staked out a target circle in the Pacific of 130 nautical miles radius centered 34°49'N, 177°14'W.

A "hot-war" objective of this ballistic heavyweight would be the sile-based U.S. ballistic deterrent force of 1,000 Minuteman

Thinly of new Soviet ballatia contains approvale chaversation this contains of thinks this "could not happen until 1980." The Soviet Union's Council for integrational guidance system and can carry a magnetic guidance system and can carry a council for intercosmos).

The soviet Union's Council for integration of launching manned space flights between the launching manned space flights and launching manned space flights between the launching manned space flights and launching manned space minutes which includes the SSX-16 SSX-17 and SSX-16 It is believed to have a new precision guidance system and can carry a migra; 46-50 megaton "city-bustes" warhead possix to eight Miry's (multiple independently parastable reentry validles).

[A new U.S. missile, described as the cruise reportedly complicating agreement in the SALT talks.

During the summit meeting in Visdivostok last November President Ford and Soviet party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev agreed to a framework for a 10-year U.S./Soviet pact under which both sides would place a limit of 2,400 on all strategic nuclear delivery systems - land-based, airborne, and submarine. Of ... The Soviet Union launched Venus 9 on June these, 1,520 can have MIRV's but there was no a companion Venus-10 on June 14 on a

mention of limiting the power of individual . from the sile by gas pressure, ignites above

A few years ago it seemed that the United States was far ahead with MIRV technology but the Soviet Union's determination to catch up and apply big MIRV warheads to their heavier throw-weight ICBM's could seriously disturb the strategic balance.

.The "Big Bird" reconnaissance satellite has been vital in providing U.S. negotiators with essential facts of these and other military developments affecting U.S. security. They

Proof that the Soviets were developing pop-up "cold-launch" techniques which allow bigger missiles to be fired from existing launch silos. The missile, which is expelled

Although this does not infringe existing SALT agreements, the heavier missile can launch and discharge heavier MIRV's. Thus, with honesty, the Soviet Deputy Defense Minister General Vladimir Tokubko — in an Interview published in the weekly Nedelya -could say that "not a single sile for a groundbased launch pad" had been set up since the SALT I agreement.

Attempts to conceal work at missile sites and submarine bases by camouflage (also reported to have been used by the Chinese at the Lop Nor atomic test site). Last year a U.S. satellite found that the Soviets had screened

off parts of a major submarine ball Murmansk to frustrate prying from
("Big Bird," it is believed, cap

Podgorny's in 1972,

camouflage using highly sensitive sensing techniques.) It is thought the class submarine from this base full. the Soviet Union's latest SSNI missiles from the Barents Sea into the north of Midway Island in early Odde This formidable missile, which call more than 4,500 miles, could reach the ton or New York from submarine of in the Mediterranean or North Atlant

Improved mobile long-range mark forested areas in Eastern Europe all

Soviet spacecraft to land on Venus

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

The Soviet spacecraft currently winging their way to Venus will attempt some kind of landing on that planet.

No American astronauts will be able to hitchhike aboard Soviet spacecraft during America's post-Apollo 1975-78 hiatus in its own

The conversation was devoted mainly to the broad humanitarian aspects of space-coopera-tion, but Mr. Petrov also touched on some details of specific projects.

On Venus, Mr. Petrov revealed that there would be a landing rather than just a flyby saying that the probe will study the atmosphere during a descent to Venus. He did not specify whether this would mean a soft landing or a crash landing of instruments, however. He said only that the new Vertus robot spacecraft is a "more perfected station" than earlier shots and carries new equipmen

four-month trip to earth's neighboring planet. Three years ago, a one-vehicle Soviet Venus shot landed an instrument capsule on Venue, but it stopped transmitting information after 50 minutes in Venus 670 degrees F, temperature and atmospheric pressure 93 times that of

As usual, official announcements of the latest Venus launches did not identify the mission of the spacecraft.

thinks this "could not happen until 1980" The reason he gave was that the U.S. itself will be 1975 Apollo windup with Soyuz, and 1980. This would squash any American hopes of gatting rides aboard Soviet spacecraft before the U.S. resumes its own manned space flights.

In next month's joint Apollo Soyus flight American astronauts will ride in the Soviet Soyuz — and Soylet cosmonauts in the American Applio — once the spaceships are linked in orbit, but each aids will launch its.

Mr. Petrov, a gentle-faced man with curly hair, is the Soviet Union's foremost expert on cybernetics and the theory of automatic control. He is a prime mover in the entire Soviet against program and especially its immanifed automatic stations. From after

1967, he continued theoretic field, and is the design to the unmanned moon explorer with the continued theoretical the continued theoretical theoretic

As a secretary of the Sorie light Sciences, Mr. Petrovally decks to emy's Department of Mechanics at the Province of the Sories Processes. He is a professor at the Aviation factitute as well.

projects as manning orbiting laboration to to a year, and he takes a long visit development. He sees July's join flight as important for developed reacts capability and as leading. international cooperation in the home

He thinks it important in exploring nations to combine their master planet Rarth and the sold state the common benefit of himsilty. It sibility for cooperation, he plant is especially on the U.S. and the Sorie is "The two combos powers, in the not future of mankind."

Intercourses cooperation with dis-tries has included launching a present in 1972. India's first satellite in April year and a ancord French satellite of month. Mr. Petrov also hoped that from other Communist countries w Borlet manned speeperaft in the next



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After Brezhnev, who?

By Elizabeth Pond Staff correspondent of The Christian Science

A slightly new ranking in the top Soviet leadership emerged from the festive parliamentary elections held on June 15.

In addition, the elections provided a forum for Soviet party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev to propose a new international ban on development of any future weapons even more "frightful" than the hydrogen bomb. In a weekend speech climaxing the election campaign, Brezhnev called for American and Soviet leadership to join in an "agreement banning the development of new weapons of mass destruc-

The election campaign showed Mr. Brezhnev in firm control of his usual top place. But immediately under him builts within two of the ton, Polithire pairs drow the st tention of observers who see Mr. Brezhnev's succession coming within year.

BOX

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Mr. Brezhnev's total nominations to the Russian Republic's Supreme Soviet (before he accepted the nomination of only one Moscow district) came to 26, according to Pravda, the official newspaper of the Soviet Union's

Communist Party. Pravda gave his closest followers, President Nikolai Podgorny and Premier Alexei Kosygin, only half that number, with 18 nominations each. The next ranking pair in the party Polit-buro, Andrei Kirilenko and Mikhail Suslov, had four each, and the only other Politburo members with more than one nomination were Kiril Mazurov and Fe-

The shifts were indicated. in the more numerous nominations reported in the local press. Mr. Podgorny stayed slightly ahead of Mr. Kosygin, as he did in the nationwide Supreme Soviet elections last year. But Mr. Kiri-lenko switched with Mr. Sus-lov; to lop him by, a small margin, and Mr. Mazurov switched with Mr. Kulakov to

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watched for clues to who may · soon. succeed Mr. Brezhney who is rumored to be considering stepping down within the year. Mr. Kirllenko's lmprovement at Mr. Suslov's expense supports the exectations of some observers hat Mr. Kirilenko would be a caretaker leader until someone from a younger gener-

ation wins the top position. "The quadrennial elections of more than 2 million republie and local Soviet (parliamentary) deputies confirms single-slate nominations made under party guidance. Voters are expected to approve the nominations in a demonstration of support for dor Kulakov, with two each. the government. A yes-ballot is dropped immediately into.

the polling box. Any demurral - such as crossing off name and writing another name - requires a voter to enter a curtained area first. A 99 percent turnout is regularly reported.

In the publicity earnpaign for the virtues of the Soviet political system the most noteworthy speech was given member and head of the KGB security and secret po-

Mr. Andropov, whose orga-Mr. Andropov, whose organization is responsible for eradicating dissent in the Soviet Union, bluntly stated. Soviet opposition to "ideological sabotage" by the impart of Western ideas. He according to sow doubts regarding the real democratism of the Soviet organization organiz viet system" and are "unscrupulously distorting facts" in raising question about "infringement of civil rights in the U.S.S.R."

'A reunited country to win'

North Korea's Kim II Sung raises the spectre of war

How seriously should one regard official North Korean warnings that "war may break out at any moment"? President Kim II Sung of North Korea has just returned to Pyongyang after a round of visits to friendly capitals in Asia, Europe, and Africa where he sought to impress his hosts with the danger of war.

The threat, as represented by Pyongyang, is a mirror image of the threat as seen in Washington. The Ford administration fears that Kim, an aggressively megalomanic believer in brinkmanship, might see the end of the Vietnam war as an opportunity to push the United States forces out of Korea.

Pyongyang, to judge from its press, believes that an aggressively imperialistic United States might see its defeat in Vietnam as necessitating the reassertion of the U.S. role in Asia by attacking North Korea - the only Asian adversary within easy striking range of

While administration spokesmen, from President Ford down, have been publicly reaffirming the U.S. commitment to South Korea as a warning to Kim against any hasty action, Pyongyang newspapers saw their statements as threats. When Secretary of Defense James R. Schlesinger made it clear that, in spite of Vietnam, any attacker would be risking a U.S. counterattack against his own heartland, Pyongyang quickly acknowledged the message. North Korea would not be intimidated, said the main party paper Nodong Sinmun. If the United States started a war, the Korean people would "rise up to



A jovial Kim in Peking: firm believer in brinkmanship

Pyongyang seems to fear a miscalculation by Washington just as much as Washington fears a miscalculation by Pyongyang. "The U.S. imperialists should be clearly aware of this stand," Nodong Sinmun concluded, "and should make no miscalculation."

Kim Il Sung's first foreign trip, to Peking, has been widely interpreted as a journey in search of support for an attack on the South. It is true that some of his remarks sounded quite

bellicose, but they could also be interpreted as warnings against a U.S. attack. Even in the United States and in Europe many of the administration's critics saw the U.S. response to the capture of the Mayaguez by Cambodia as a deliberate display of military overkill

It would not be unnatural of Kim, with his suspicions of U.S. "imperialism," to expect something similar on his own border. In this

light, his journey to Peking may not be as war like as it is made out to be like South Korea.

outh Korea. Peking's refusal to take an damble Peking, though he hardly could looking for military help in Northith

But he could have been using he. satisfied

Much of what appears in the North press suggests that Kimsees himeline as the great unifier of his country. If the streak of irrationality in him, it will itself in an attempt to bring "unity" bk when he judges the time right, as healt he launched the war in June 1850.

© 1973 Victor Zorza

Mrs. Gandhi fights for survival

By Geoffrey Godsell Overseas news editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi is facing the fight of her political life. A court ruling in her home district of Allahabad has suddenly challenged her continued occupancy of the premiership and raises the prospect of her being barred from any elective office for six

Such is the smoldering volcano of frustra-tion and discontent in India today that if Mrs. Gandhi is indeed forced from the premiership and elective office, the fabric of democracy in that vast and populous land might have to face

its sternest test yet.
This critical situation results from the guilty verdict against Mrs. Gandhi in Allahabad on some of the charges of corrupt election practices leveled against her by her Socialist opponent Raj Narain, in the general election of 1971, Judge Jag Mohanial Sinha dismissed most of the charges Thursday — after a long drawn-out trial in which Mrs. Gandhi had herself given evidence last March. But he did find her guilty on the charge that she had used government officials, including her secretary, Yashpal Kapoor, in her election campaign againsi Mr. Narain.

The verdict, if implemented, would render her victory over Mr. Narain invalid and deprive her of her seat in Parliament, needed

discontinue from alective office for six and the distance of the preventing her from being a middle in any rerun of the election.

didge Sinhs stayed execution of the sentence for 20 days to allow Mrs. Gandhi to appeal to the Supreme Court. This frees her of any obligation to resign forthwith, and so she will continue in the premierable for the time being. Some opposition politicians and dissident members of her own Congress Party nevertheless called upon her to step down

Mrs. Gandhi's initial reaction suggested that she intended to stay in her post. At one of the rallies organized by supporters outside her bome in New Delhi, she said: "If I (alt, I had done any wrong, I would have said so, But I know I have done no wrong."

At first sight there is no immediate alterna-tive to Mrs. Gandhi as prime minister; and for all the waspishness of her critics, her supporters see her still as the best hope for continued political stability in a deeply troubled India.

But Reuler reports from New Deihi that the idea is being aired among some of her supporters that Mrs. Gandhi would draw to herself tremendous support if she temporarily stepped down while her appeal against conviction were heard — and the appeal went in her favor. Speculation in the Indian capital on a possible substitute for Mrs. Gandhi as Prime Minister includes such names as Food Minister Jagjivan Ram, Defense Minister Swaran Singh, and Foreign Minister Yeshwantraoji B.

Mrs. Gandhi, daughter of the late Jawahar-lal Nehru, has been Prime Minister for nine years. At first, the old-time party leaders saw her as a stopgap premier whom they would be able to manipulate. But her smashing election victory in 1971, followed by the Indian-backed breakaway of Bangladesh from Pakistan, turned the tables on them and established her as unchallenged leader in her own right.

But the high hopes of those days four years ago have faded. Mrs. Gandhi's election slogan 'Banish poverty'' is hurled back at her by her critics with scorn - because most evidence points to more poverty than ever. Admittedly two years of drought, a virtually uncon-

have played their part in this. But Mrs.
Clandin, the politicians around her, and hes
supporters out in the provinces get the blame. Public disillusionment is despecied by increasingly blatant corruption. There has been an accompanying tendency to yent feelings through violence. List, January, Rallways Minister Lalit Narayan Mishra — Congress Party fund raiser whose name was often linked with corruption — was assessmated. And violence has increased in election campaigns — as in the one just concluded for the state legislature in Gujarat.

Mrs. Gandhi, Brahmin that she is to treating

Mrs. Gandhi, Brahmin that she is, is inclined to respond to all this in a high-minded manner which irritates her critics. One of them, who had broken with her in 1669, said Thursday he was "delighted" she had "met her Water-



Mrs. Gandhi and Jepanese Everset learn: will she slip from peak o

ilkely to have been undertaken in the renssurance and of help in case of man North Korea, either by the United San

not lend the Pyongyang pross to sin eries of war. But Kim continued when he resumed his journey, Hale States launched a war, he Algiers, "We will only have a den to lose — but a reunited countri theme was much the same as k

and the talk of war, to drum with support for the forthcoming Unial vote on the withdrawal of U.S. lead Korea. Last year the call for withhis defeated by 61 votes to 42, with 32 has The abstainers have been under in pressure to switch their votes this pay some of them are expected to do so it warnings of war cara him more was United Nations, he will have good read

China: 'don't let in tiger while repelling wolf'

By Geoffrey Godsell Overseas news editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Now it is Thailand's turn to explore a shifting in the balance of its relations between mainland China on the one hand and the United States on the other.

Last week it was that of the Philippines, whose President, Ferdinand Marcos, was in Peking working out recognition by his country of the People's Republic of China.

This week, one of Thailand's top diplomats, Anand Panyarachun, is in Peking for proliminary talks before his Foreign Minister, Chatichai Choonhavan, follows him there later this month in the hope of negotiating Thai recognition of

the People's Republic.

There is a piquantly Thai touch in the choice of Mr. Panyarachun for the current Peking talks: he is, in fact, Thai Ambassador to the U.S. He is available for the job because he was recalled for consultation to Bangkok as an expression of professed Thai displeasure at what Thais claimed was virtually abuse of That sovereignty by the U.S. in mounting the operation to wrest the freighter Mayaguez from its

There is an overall pattern in these diplomatic comings and goings. The U.S. setback in Indo-China is leading Southeast they see as a net increase of the power of China in their area. They are bending toward China but not completely away from

Malaysia set the pattern a year ago, well before the final collapse in South Vietnam but subsequent to the U.S. military withdrawal from that country. It recognized Peking — and Tuiwan as an integral part of China.

President Marcos of the Philippines accepted the same formula last week in the agreement to exchange full diplomatic missions between Peking and Manila. Presumably the same will be asked of Thailand by the Chinese leaders.

Malaysia, the Philippines, and Thailand are all beset by insurgencies at home in which a Chinese hand has long been suspected. In recognizing Peking, or in moving toward recognition, the governments of all three countries doubtless hope to buy off the Chinese from any temptation to fish (or fish further) in their troubled waters.

The roster of countries beating a path to Peking gives the impression that Peking is, in fact, involved in establishing a new and special relationship with the entire membership of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN): Malaysia, the Philippines, Thailand, Singapore, and In-

Singapore sent a delegation to Peking earlier this year, but

due to the fact that special problems arise because most Singaporeans, like their Prime Minister, Lee Kuan-yew, are ethnically Chinese.) Indonesia has always indicated it would be the last ASEAN member to re-involve itself with Peking because of Chinese involvement in the abortive Communist coup in Indonesia in the early 1960s.

The interesting thing in all this is that Peking is apparently not pressing these ASEAN members to break with the U.S. as the price of exchanging embassies. While President Marcos was in China, U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs Philip Habib was winding up in Manila a three-week visit to Southeast Asian countries. Despite recent public statements from both Thai and Philippine leaders suggesting a desire to put some distance between themselves and the U.S., Mr. Habib said while in Manila: "I have no difficulty imagining continued cooperation with these coun-

A clue as to why China still wants at least some U.S. presence in the area came in a remark to President Marcos by Chinese Vice-Premier Teng Hsiao-ping. The latter reminded Mr. Marcos of the danger of "letting the tiger in through the back door while repelling the welf from the front gate." In other words: do not drive the Americans out if it means letting the Russians in.



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<u>Latin America</u>

Evidence of CIA complicity in Trujillo murder

Latin America correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

It was just before midnight. Moonlight glinted off the waters of the Caribbean. The one car on the coastal highway, a chauffeurdriven limousine, sped westward toward the Dominican Republic city of San Cristobal.

The limousine's two occupants, chauffeur and passenger, at first failed to notice the green Chevrolet that followed them — and by the time they became aware of the vehicle, it

The Chevrolet pulled alongside, spraying the limousine with rifle and carbine bullets. Both cars came to a halt. The chauffeur escaped, but the passenger was killed.

Leonidas Trujillo Molina came to an end.

The whole incident, which took place May 30, 1961, was long thought to have been solely the work of Dominican patriots, including Antonio Imbert Barreras, the driver of the Chevrolet, who himself became a general in years after the assassination of General

But this weekend, there is mounting evidence that the United States Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) had a hand in the

In fact, Washington sources say that the U.S. contributed "significant material support" to the Trujillo assassination.

Efforts this weekend to reach General Imbert, the lone survivor of the team of assassins, failed, but other Dominican sources say that "there were lots of CIA agents in Santo Domingo in the weeks before the

If all this information proves true, it will be the first specific instance in which there is proof the CIA successfully participated in the assassination of a foreign leader.

Speculation that the CIA had a hand in a number of such assassinations has been growing since the first of the year. Just what the motive was for participating

in the Trujillo assassination is not clear, nor is it clear at what level in the administrations of either President Kennedy or President Eisenhower it might have been ordered. The assassination took place four months after John F. Kennedy became President and only weeks after the unsuccessful Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba, which had been organized under President Eisenhower although carried



Rafael Trujillo

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Middle East

Where the greens are black

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Beirut, Lebanon

The fairways are sprayed with oil instead of water - to protect them from wind erosion. The greens aren't actually green, but black, because they're made of oil-treated, compacted sand. The balls are red, because white would be invisible against the sun-bleached sand and rocks, and there is little or no grass in sight.

No, this isn't the spot Jack Nicklaus picks to practice his putting, but today such golf courses are sprinkled through the desert sands of the Persian Gulf - one example of a strong new appetite for sports, ranging from golf to soccer and karate, among the

Soccer is lavishly subsidized in the ollproducing Arab peninsula countries, where oil income seeks any modernizing outlet. Every town in Saudi Arabia has at least one government-supported sports club. Kuwait boasts a dozen main soccer teams. Equipment is provided free to youngsters, and stadiums are built for night matches to avoid the heat of the sun.

In more socialist-minded countries, such as Syria and Iraq, sports receive official

In Egypt, where soccer was introduced by the British in the 1920s and banned after the 1967 war, matches are quite popular. There are hundreds of soccer clubs - in cities, factories, schools, and military units. There are even women's teams.

So far, the Mideast has no professiona teams for any sport, but training for coaches is starting to be offered. Visits by international champions, such as American soccer player Pele and fighter Muhammad Ali, have helped popularize sports here. Improved communications are also bringing TV coverage of European sports.

Syrian schools or private lutoring in Persian Gulf states, self-defense sports have become the first body-contact sport of traditionally unsports-minded Arab young-

As yet. Arab athletes have made little impact on the international sports scene. The Olympic Games next year, however, will attract national teams from at least a dozen Arab states.

The Arab-Israeli problem intrudes into sports on several fronts. In the 1972 Olympics at Munich, Arab teams withdrew after the terrorist attack on the Israeli team. More recently they have sought to exclude Israelis from international competitions and have had some success. When Israeli teams do compete, Arab teams default rather than compete directly. In addition, the threat of terrorism has led to ponderous security arrangements.

Apart from these problems, in international competition Egyptians usually eye possible medals in swimming, gymnastics, and squash, while Lebanese stress weight lifting, swimming, and marksmanship — disciplines in which individual Arabs have

Traditional sports fell into two categories. One was the game version of survival skills; camel racing, falcon hunting, and trick shooting were practiced by Bedouin; wrestling was encouraged among recruits in the Turkish occupation armies; weight lifting began in the moun-tains where farm lads manhandled massive

Other sports were the recreations of the wealthy elite, who adopted Western colonial games. Riding and shooting, for instance were typical activities at which well-to-do Egyptians and Lebanese came to

Golf, one of the games introduced by Westerners, has never disappeared (although Nasser's regime discouraged it in Egypt).

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THE CHRISTIAN SCENCE MONT

Harold Wilson will put forward a package of cutbacks which his left wingers will refuse to support, leaving him obliged to beg for votes from the Opposition. There would thus be a minority government dependent on consensus rather than coalition. But other observers again think this would be only a transition to the Government of National Unity which the former Conservative leader, Edward Heath, tried unsuccessfully to sell to the electorate only sixteen months back.

But why is Coalition such a dirty word with the Left? There are two reasons. Labour has a long memory, and has still not forgotten how Ramsay MacDonald's Labour government of 1929-31 was forced to compromise first with the Liberals, then the Conservatives, and ended up as a National Government of all three parties, disowned by the Labour rank

It was 14 years before Labour came to power again in its own right.

The second reason why both Coalition and Consensus have become terms of abuse is that the party machine is now dominated by doctrinaire socialists who believe that Britain can only break out of the cycle of crises which have afflicted her since 1945 by adopting an uncompromisingly leftist program.

This involves very severe taxation of the middle classes (one leftist told me he hoped to 38% to 60%), extensive nationalization, and state direction of trade and investment. No coalition would agree to any of this.

The shock troops of the left are the 72 members (less than a quarter of the whole parliamentary party) of the "Tribune" group named after their low-circulation journal When Prime Minister Wilson recently shunted their hero, Industries Minister Tony Benn, into a less influential post — and allowed various other Cabinet changes to be vetoed by Labour rightists — the Tribune group wrote a letter to Mr. Wilson accusing him of betraying true socialism and moving toward "coalition-

Wilson (enjoying the renewed authority of his Referendum triumph) shot back a contemptuous note describing the Tribunites as

. . . " Leftists to whom this reporter spoke were deep in gloom. One of them said: "The oil companies, the multinationals and the city financiers have done it again. They've wined and dined all the socialism out of Harold. You wait: he'il turn out another boneless wonder just like Ramsay MacDonald."

The question is, whether the bitterness of "betrayed" politicians will spread to the much more dnagerous ranks of militant leftist

From page 1

*EEC to urge peace in Middle East

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"That," said a high European official, Perhaps we could share some of our oil with

From page 1

★ Communism's gains

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They point to a comprehensive trade agreement signed May 11 between Israel and EEC, designed eventually to create a free trade area between the Common Market and the Jewish

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Sadat sticks by U.S. plan

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor Beirut, Lebanon

Egyptian President Sadat plans to continue pursuit of Middle East peace with President Ford, "who is not a cowboy like [former President Lyndon B. J Johnson." So he told Ghassan Tucini and Michel Abu Jawdeh, publisher and senior columnist respectively of the independent Beirut newspaper Al Nahar, who interviewed him in Cairo.

According to their account, Mr. Sadat concluded after his talks with President Ford in Salzburg, Austria, earlier this month that the United States faces three choices in its Mideast policy:

1. "An overall American solution — something not undertaken in 1967 by President Johnson who was completely blased in Israel's favor, or by former President Richard M. Nixon who showed interest in the Mideast only after the October, 1973, war."

A new step-by-step approach, pending reconvening of the Geneva conference. 3. Reconvening the conference and contin-

uing step-by-step diplomacy there. "This," said Mr. Sadat, "is what the Americans mentioned in their explanations about a reassessment of U.S. policy.'

President Sadat says his own choice would be the first. The United States would declare its commitment to an overall solution, "after which we will go to Geneva under sponsorship of the two superpowers and work toward immediate implementation of UN Security Council Resolution 242."

(This resolution, passed in 1967 after the sixday war of that year, established the principle of Arab peace with Israel in return for Israel's withdrawal from Arab territories captured in that war 1

The Egyptian President said he wanted Geneva to convene before the end of 1975 because the next year will be an election year in the United States when the President cannot lake definite decisions." If there were no new peace moves, "we shall be heading toward the fifth war."

Unlike President Johnson's "cowboy"-like emeanor, Mr. Sadat added, President Ford is from the Midwest, where people are farmers [with] sound character, stability, simplicity. frankness."



Egyptian President Sada

Mr. Tueini and Mr. Abu Jawdeh addhas Egyptian President "regards himselishi a state of war with international quite who, he said, were fighting him with hi tools. He named names, from the Soviet Dia to Libya. His explanation of what is happing in Lebanon and other parts of the Arabital is that it is all part of the warfare being up against him '

Mr. Sadat urged the Palestinian gum movement to form a provisional government in-exite as soon as possible. This would not it easier to secure the "understanding at support" of the United States which can casily deal with liberation movements and he said.

Mr. Sudat has sent letters to Leben political leaders urging them to composely quarrels in the interests of overall Arabut He earlier offered to come here and we ally mediate the crisis between leftist-like pro-Palestinian elements and the mi Christian Phalange Party which led to ing in April and May.

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdel Halin Jam, due in Washington June 20 for talka President Ford and Secretary of State 189 . Kissinger, has been here mediating it second time since lest month. With himble Syrian Army chief of staff, Lt. Gen. Hint

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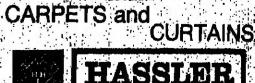
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Sadat sticks by U.S. plan

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Beirut, Lebanon Egyptian President Sadat plans to continue pursuit of Middle East peace with President Ford, "who is not a cowboy like [former President Lyndon B. I Johnson." So he told Ghassan Tueini and Michel Abu Jawdeh. publisher and senior columnist respectively of the independent Beirut newspaper Al Nahar, who interviewed him in Cairo.

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Mr. Sadat urged the Palestinian gad movement to form a provisional govern in exite as soon as possible. This would it easier to secure the "understandigs support" of the United States which or easily deal with liberation movements and he said

Mr. Sadat has sent letters to Lou political leaders urging them to compart uarrels in the interests of overall Ambu to earlier offered to come here and w ally mediate the crisis between leftist-# pro-Palestiman elements and the ... Christian Phalante Party which led is ing in April and May.

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdel Halis fern, due in Washington June 20 for the President Ford and Secretary of Shall A. Kissimter, has been here mediatischsecond time since last nonth. With hitil Syrian Army chief of staff, Id. Gos. 1995.

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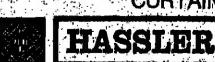
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Ford or Congress:

Who is in charge in Washington?

By Richard L. Strout Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington The lopsided congressional Democratic majority has run aground on the shoals of President Ford's vetoes. The proud craft that was going to produce a new order after Watergate has distress signals snapping in the breeze. Once again questions arise:

- Can Congress govern?
- Is an "imperial-style" presidency nec-
- Do modern political parties function? - Who's in charge in Washington?

Four major vetoes in a little over a month have been sustained in the House of Representatives despite its make-up: 289 Democrats, 145 Republicans, and 1 vacancy. The House failed to jump the two thirds veto hurdle put in the legislative obstacle course by the founding fathers.

Here's the scorecard:

- Farm price support bill: designed to raise prices for feed grains and give dairy supports, vetoed by Mr. Ford as inflationary; veto sustained 245-182 May 13 - 40 votes short of necessary two-thirds.
- Emergency jobs bill: designed to provide employment and stimulate economy with works program costing \$5.3 billion; vetoed as inflationary and inappropriate. Veto sustained June 4 by 277-145, or 5 votes short of two-
- Strip-mining bill: designed to protect the environment by regulating coal operators, veloed as inflationary and a curb on coal production. Vote on June 10 - 278-143, or 3 votes short of two-thirds. In the minority were 57 Democrats, 86 Republicans.

- The fourth big issue: energy.

Here the debacle of the Democratic Congress was more complete in the floor debate han in the strict veto overriding procedure. Congressional leaders assailed Mr. Ford's energy program and promised a rival package that seemed deatined for a veto, but then they achieved the same negative result by default. The House killed tough gas tax and oil quota proposals last week and fell back on less stringent messures.

The energy issue left two memories: Congress recessing 10 days (May 22-June 2) in default of energy action; and President Ford, May 27, on national TV, tearing pages off a calendar, "February, March, April, and May," marking months since his energy package went un-enacted. (Congress has scheduled six 10-day recesses during 1975, plus a month-long recess in August).

Often Washington's big drama is president-versus-Congress. For half the 28 years, 1947 through 1975, one party has controlled Con-

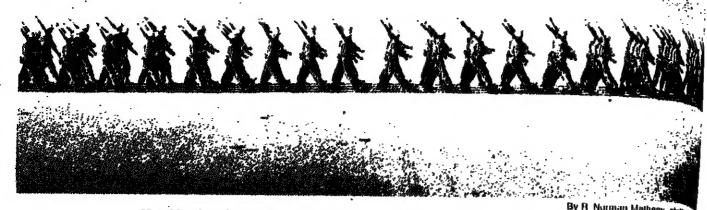
the Materials was an particular back of the Material Back of the Materia

Some Democrats think they are making a record against President Ford that will defeat. him, like Hoover, if unamployment continues. Some Republicans, on the other hand, think

it will be a case of another Harry Truman denouncing a do nothing (Democratic) Con-

Many wonder about Congress itself.

They ask if the legislature, as organized lacking strong parties, discipline, and leaderable — can formulate complicated measures. requiring national sacrifice, even with a huge



Marching into its third century, U.S. Army faces long line of new challenges

The Army's birthday: the icing's off the cake

By Guy Halverson Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

The United States Army — tracing its origins back to June 14, 1775, when the Continental Congress mustered up 10 volunteer rifle companies - faces its third century with uncertainty.

Military specialists say today's all-volunteer force of 785,000 may be among the most proficient that the United States has yet fielded. At the same time, many officials are concerned that problems today - from racial relations, to drug experimentation, to public suspicions about the military in the post-Vietnam period - will not be quickly solved.

And there is deep resentment within military ranks about the Vietnam debacle. While civilian control of the military is well accepted, the feeling is that the U.S. has twice been "burned" now in major overseas conflicts, first in Korea, and then in Vietnam -- and that the U.S. has not been able to "win" a full-scale military "victory" since World War II - 30 years ago.

Old-timers, moreover, say the changes in today's volunteer-military have altered much of the Army's "rough and tough" spirit. "In Europe some of the troops want to sprout beards and long hair, we've got 'gay lib' hitting us with lawsuits, the ACLU (American Civil Liberties Union) says we're too big, and our own leaders want to take away our commissary rights," grumbles one source.

flexible Army may be buttle-tested for any type of conflictive is now seeking to boost its division strength from the presents divisions, and the caliber of recruits, in part aided by record

Historically, the raging Continental forces that George Walls once commanded at Valley Forge, when the troopers had by freezing feet in convos. has grown to a high of 8 million in Works II. The Victnam peak of 1969, 1,510,000 was only slightly bini Kovenn war high of 1,597,000 in 1952

The Army, historians note, has fought in nine major wars, with has troops spread all over the globe. While the volunteer Armyla. "citizen soldier force" it is to a great extent (as it was during mithe 19th century), an essentially "professional" Army.

But learness is now the key: since 1969, for example, the Anja cut 66 generals, 1,700 colonels, 5,700 lieutenant colonels, adm thousands of enlisted men

Still, the Army plans to celebrate its 200th anniversary with the leading off the festivities this week by inadvertently blowing abithe fence during a cannon salute at a New York Yonkees game! weekend, most Army installations around the U.S., and many occ will join to public parades complete with marching bands.

Proposed the authorized medical protection where the CIA probe: an alien hand in the mailbag

Ry C. Robert Zeinick Special to 'The Christian Science Monitor

The Justice Department faces a difficult task in determining which, if any, of the CIA domestic activities found by the Rockefeller Commission to violate the agency's charter also break U.S. criminal laws.

Most legal observers conclude that activities

related to infiltrating dissident domestic groups and gathering and disseminating information on individual dissenters violate no existing criminal statutes.

But intercepting and opening U.S. mail

Observers also note that while certain isolated acis, including wiretapping, the administration of LSD to unsuspecting recipients, and the physical abuse of foreign defectors may technically violate criminal statutes, such violations are rarely prosecuted by federal authorities if performed by government agents acting under the orders of their

An equally difficult task may confront the courts should members of organizations sublect to CIA interference seek civil reduces to the servelopes addressed to the Soviet. The courtisation report concludes gress and another the White House. Few other ject to CLA interference seek civil radiese. In

an veillance could not obtain raited from the The operation of the Theorem Into one

But it has also been been been been been the involving montioned and possible involving montioned and possible U.S. Supreme Court.
But it has also been held that one who suffers damages through illegal government activity is entitled to sue for compensation. And

federal laws provide that victims of illegal wiretaps are entitled to compensation at the rate of \$100 for each day their privacy was

In the two principal domestic areas in which the Rockefeller Commission determined that the agency had violated its charter in specting mail and gathering domestic intelligence—the report provides clear evidence that top agency officials knew they were operating outside the law.

On mail destined for the Soviet Union, the report indicates that beginning in 1852 the CIA secured Post Office Department approval only



The U.S. mail: agents were reading it

The operation puckly riperied into one involving monitoring of the contents of firstclass mail. The commission report quotes from a 1955 CIA memorandum acknowledging that "there is no overt, authorized, or legal censorahip or monitoring of first-class mails which enter depart or transit the United States at the present time, and that discovery of the operation would cause "serious public reaction in the United States, perhaps leading

to a congressional inquiry." A second agency memo, written in 1960 noted the "flap potential" of the operation and suggested preparation of the operation and suggested preparation of an emergency plan and cover story. A livid memorandum written in 1982 conceded that discovery of the operation could give rise to grave charges of distributed missues of the mail

13.000 letters a year, was kept secret succession of presidents, attorneys and postmasters general until 1971 see was approved by both Attorney Good in Mitchell and Postmaster Good in M. Blouni The project was halter a ary, 1973, according to the commissi

The second area where the col report indicates that the CIA may know have violated its charter involved at telligence gathering operation on dough dissidents known as "Operation CHAOS." It commission report states that the opening of the out of pressure of both the Johnson Mixon administrations on the CIA to let mine whether any link existed between it appropriately and Communist government

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Marianans decide their future

By Lucia Moust Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington Over 75 percent of the people of the Northern Marianas Islands have said "yes" to the idea of becoming American citizens. Whether or not Congress buys the idea of the islands being given commonwealth status has always depended on the strength of the vote.

Marianan voters were asked on June 17 if they wanted to move from the status of United Nations Trust Territory to that of an American "commonwealth," Best estimates suggested that between 65 and 78 percent of them would opt for the closer arrangement which could eventually result in self-government and U.S. citizenship

While some in Congress, which must approve the pact as well, are wary of colonialism connotations, the Capitol Hill reaction was expected to hinge in large part on the vote of those living on the 14 islands in question.

"If the vote in favor is large, a lot of the controversy will evaporate," a Senate source For more than 20 years various municipal

councils and local referends in the Marianas have been urging closer political ties with the U.S. of some kind. The vote has shown that they were indeed speaking for the majority of the 14,000 inhabitants.

Responsibility for organizing the vote and ensuring its fairness was in the hands of the

Plebiscite Commissioner, Erwin D. Canham. editor emeritus of The Christian Science

Throughout the negotiations on the commonwealth pact there have been indications of some opposition — largely on the degree of automony and aid, as well as concern about U.S. military intentions and the immigration and investment impact which the status shift might have. U.S. officials feel, however, that in the course of the U.S.-Marianas talks, much of the opposition has dwindled. They stress that in many ways this is a "model" territorial

While the U.S. Congress will continue to hold its usual powers, it agrees not to exercise them in limited areas such as changing the constitution which the Marianans will draft or changing the political status of the Marianas without the islanders' consent.

The chief advantage to the U.S. in the agreement is the acquisition by lease for as long as 100 years of some 18,000 acres for "full and unrestricted" use. While early plans called for establishment of a U.S. military base on the island of Tinian, officials now insist there are no current plans to station American military personnel or to build a

If the Marianas approve the plebiscite now before them, the transition to the new status would still be a gradual one. The islands would not move under U.S. sovereignty nor their residents become eligible for U.S. citizenship until at least 1980 or 1981, the U.S. target date for ending the UN trusteeship over Micro-

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and thus technically "occupied" an area in the wrong racial part of the town. On several occasions black visitors have been refused service at some high-class hotels and ordered out. At others they have been

allowed food but refused drinks because this

Dents in the apartheid wall

By Humphrey Tyler Special to

The Christian Science Monitor

South Africa has broken two more holes in

· After some highly embarrassing incidents

involving important South African black lead-

ers and prominent blacks from overseas, the

government has scrapped apartheld regu-lations for a series of topflight hotels around

the country. In future black visitors will be

given special papers to allow them to enter

any public place, despite the general color

· For the first time South Africa fielded a

team composed of both white and black

players for a Rugby football match against a

At present the laws restricting black visitors from using major hotels in South African

cities are vague, and even government offi-cials interpret them differently.

In general there are separate hotels for the different races. Where the same hotel caters

to both white and black, there usually are

separate bars and other facilities, and those

Even at expensive hotels catering to top

pusinessmen and international visitors there

has been confusion about whether special

permits were needed to allow blacks in the

Lawyers have maintained that under some

circumstances a black in a white hotel who ate

a meal standing up would be within his rights, but that he could be taken to jail if he sat down

for the blacks are likely to be inferior.

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French touring team.

might be illegal under the liquor laws.
A screaming, cheering crowd of 35,000 white and black supporters endorsed the government's decision to allow blacks in the South African Rugby team which played and defeated the visiting French team over the weekend. The South African side included two blacks and two players of mixed parentage. (The spectator stands are still segregated.) Integrated sport has been an issue in South

Africa for years. In the past 10 years there has been increasing pressure on South Africa to integrate in sports or get out of international competition. The issue culminated in the ban of South Africa from the Olympic Games and in a number of countries refusing to meet it in sports events. This was felt more acutely when it came to Rugby, the South African national game.

Things came to a head when the French Rugby board agreed to send a team to tour South Africa only on condition that it had at least one match with a "mixed" South African team. In spite of bitter protests from its rightwing members that this was the beginning of the end of apartheld. Prime Minister Joan Vorster finally accepted.

[South Africa last week eased the apartheid regulations in South-West Africa (Namibia), the former German colony if has administered since the end of World War I. This was seen outside South Africa as a gesture deliberately timed to coincide with the current United Nations Security Council debate on what steps to take to force Mr. Vorster's government to

grant Namibia independence.
[The United States, Britain, and France have jointly vetoed a resolution sponsored by "third world" countries that would have imposed a mandatory arms embargo against South Africa.]

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Mother and child at a Unicef relief center, Ethiopia

Ethiopia and Somalia

Famine strikes again

By Henry S. Hayward Staff correspondent of The Christian Science

Nalrobi, Kenya Some 800,000 people are affected by this year's drought-induced famine in the ancient African lands of Ethiopia and Somalia. As in previous dry years,

the hardest hit are the swarming children, especially those from one to five years of age, and the elderly. The drought in these lowrainfall areas also takes a heavy toll of animals — the

which nomadic peoples de-pend for existence. By the time refugees reach relief camps they not only are destitute but also debili-

camels, cattle, and goats on

tated from lack of food and

Months of drought and unremitting sunshine since last November have prevented the raising of crops in the vast Ogađen Desert region which Ethiopia and Somalia share. Persistent overgrazing of the land by animals desperate for food has stripped it of virtually every

Even the normal sparse rains did not come to the

million in many of both their contract pools of the proportions of the crisis became apparent late last year, Somalia sent 25,000 students into rural areas to help in relief.

Foreignald officials who have visited both countries believe Somalia is better or

believe Somalia is better organized at present to meet the emergency than is Eth-lopia. The military government in Addis Ababa also has had a crisis caused by Eritrean rebels to contend with.

have occurred in the two nations, according to esti-

mates of relief officials. Emergency camps in Ethlopia are overcrowded with desert people in pitiful condi-tion who have made their way in from the dessicated

As of May 17, Somalia had 240,000 adults and children in 18 relief camps. In a major migration move, Somali authorities are planning to send 90,000 nomads from the drought-striken north of the country to special rehabilitation camps in the southern

agricultural area. A vanguard of 18,000 ablebodied men will be taken to five selected potential farm-

River, one of the two streams in Somalia and the only one that flows all year long. This advance party hopes to plant its first crop during the rainy season next October. Before then it will build accommodations and dig wells in the wilderness before their famiiles are brought in.

Transforming nomads with a centuries-old tradition of roving into farmers of a fixed location will be difficult, but Somalis are hard at work on the project. Another 78,000 nomads will be introduced to coastal fishing at 14 points in the north and along the Gulf of Aden. This may be an even more difficult transition for

desert wanderers.

The refinements of contemporary living, enjoyed by today's guests, reflects the tradition of uncompromising quality established in 1892



Here it is!

By John K. Cooley Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

The feeding, education, and welfare of 1.5

million Palestine refugees may soon be

sharply cut, generating new prossures in their

Arab host countries and aggravating the Arab-

The United Nations Relief and Works

Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA)

says because of a \$24 million budget deficit it

must either close its schools for 280,000

Palestinian children next month, or, in Sep-

tember, totally suspend all education, hous-

Closing the agency's 562 elementary and preparatory schools would leave 7,500 Pales-

tinian teachers, a politically militant group,

without work. In all, UNRWA employs 15,157

persons, nearly all Palestinians except for 126

international UN posts staffed by nationals of

The UNRWA cutbacks would equally affect

ts activities in Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, and

the Israell-occupied Gaza Strip and Jordan

Lebanese, Syrian, and Jordanian govern-

ment services to the refugees are consid-

erable, but they would be unable to cope with

Israeli conflict.

other countries.

West Bank areas.

ing, and feeding operations.

Beirut, Lebanos



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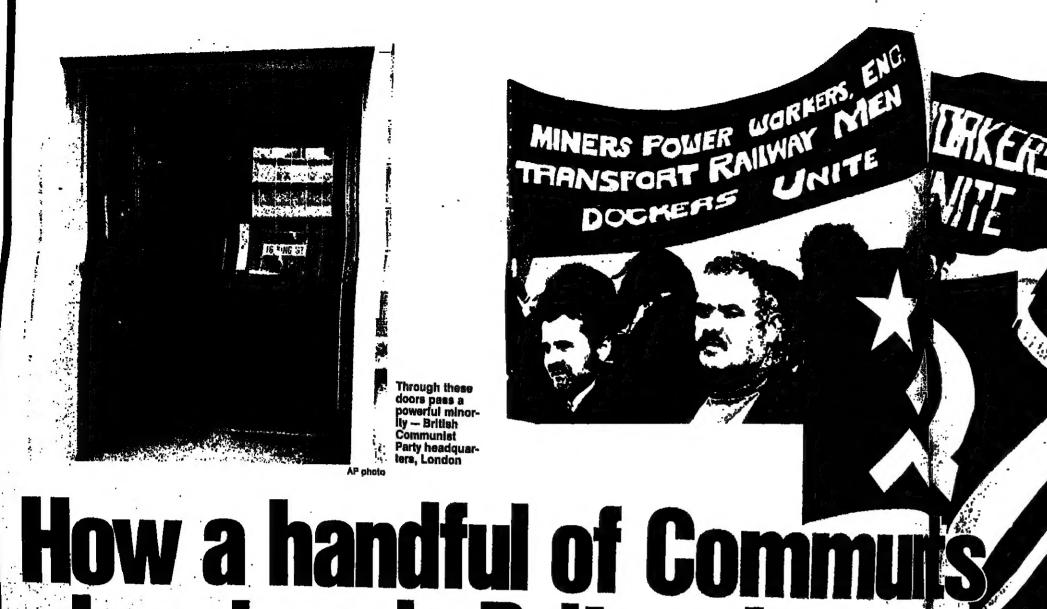
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doors pass a





Despite the seedy anonymity of their King Street offices, Britain's Communists are now

aims to rule Britannia Over the years the Communist Party has made little headway with British voters. But today Communists hold key posts in some of the country's most powerful trade unions, a cause for growing concern in an economy

By David Anabie Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

where the unions call the tune.

Just a carrot's throw from the boarded-up remains of Covent Garden's former fruit and vegetable market stands a grimy office building, fronted with thick frosted glass and crumbling stone and marked with a barely visible, small brass plate. Inside, light buibs hang unshaded from their wires. The walls of the waiting room are bare and dingy. It is the headquarters

of the British Communist Party. Despite the seedy anonymity of their King Street offices, Britiain's Communists are today the focus of an naccustomed glare of public comment and concern.

larger And ordinary Bellone land to answer questions, slight Communist Indivence with fainfly embarrassed nees slich as "I've hever been a Reds under the beds' person myself, but...

The reason does not lie in any sudden electoral

siccess. The Comminists' parliamentary performance remains at dismal as their fical quarters.

Rather, the reason lies in the current power struggle between Parliament (regardless of which party is in power) and militant trade-union leaders.

It is widely accepted here that some union leaders are using vast wage demands and inflation as blunt instruments to push a virtual economic revolution past. a feebly protesting Parliament. And since Communist

power, overt and covert, is concentrated in the unions, there are fears here that:

1. The Communists are actively fomenting industrial strife and union-Parliament conflict for their own ends. 2. Their allies have infiltrated the Labour Party's parliamentary ranks to weaken that party's traditionally strong democratic ideals and to undermine its leaders' ability to resist union demands.

3. The Communists and their fellow travelers would, if they could, use the present turnoil as a steppingstone to something nearer real, preferably irreversible political revolution.

'A faithful Moscow satellite'

All this sounds far out in a country so solidly democratic, so skeptical of wordy ideologies, so firmly attached to that curiously British mixture of common sense and self-deprecating humor. What are the facts?

The British Communist Party, with a membership of about 29,000, ranks as one of Moscow's falthful satellites. But there is no solid evidence that Communist officials in British unions respond to strings pulled

On the visible parliamentary level the Communist Party is a complete failure. The party has no seats in the House of Commons, nor has it even come near

On the less visible parliamentary level, however, a rather different picture emerges. Some of the Labour Party k-social democrats," who comprise the bulk of the party and almost all the present Cabinet, appear as anxious as their Contesyative colleagues about the motives and loyalties of some extreme left-wingers in

How much influence?

Lord Chalfont, a former Labour minister who is now an independent peer, put the point discreetly to the House of Lords earlier this year:

In what I have to say I shall suggest that the

governing [Labour] Party provides, in one way or another, shelter for a number of people who are almost certainly committed to undermining the existing political system in Britain."

How much such back-benchers can influence Labour Party and government policy is an open question. Assessments vary greatly according to the political viewpoint of the speaker. But with Prime Minister Harold Wilson holding only a very narrow majority in the Commons, the votes of the extreme leftists in his own party can on occasion be of immense importants to

On the trade-union level, the Communists have a much more obvious foothold. Indeed they have dearly put most of their intellectual and ideological eggs into this basket, under the watchful eye of their tireless industrial expert Bert Ramelson.

Although only about one-third of 1 percent Britain's trade unionists are Communist Party bers, the party has managed to get itself into a of influence out of all proportion to its numbers-

More than 10 percent of union executives now card-carrying members of the Communist Party Many other union officials are active sympathems or follow the Communist Party line. In total, some industrial relations specialists reckon, from 30 to 40 percent of their softwitter the community of the next country of decodes the post of the softwitter of the community of to the general council of the Trade Union Congress (TUC), the central body of British unionism.

Methods, worker anathy blamed

The outdated operating methods of British trais unions, and widespread worker spathy, are most usually binned for this formidable Communisticus. Postal bull in the union movement.

Postal ballots, for instance, are few and far between Hence, a well-organized, vigorous minority is often ship to get its candidates into office because of minuscult furnish (sometimes as low as 5 percent or less) of occasionally by straightforward manipulation of the

Of column, it is perfectly legal for anytone to run for

rent spate of concern arises over imay use or abuse their influence. hading trade unionist, the Commu-yorking in their calls, magnifying imajor proportions, and struggling of influence."

d Shawcross, a former attorney Attlee's postwar Labour governproces now actively and openly at it to bring our existing society and ipse[‡] (May 15 speech to the Wider incil in London).

halfont pointed out in his speech he Communists use all the leverage tray the Labour Party. According Ramelson claimed last year that rty can float an idea early in the a official Labour Party policy by ave more influence now on the n at any time in the life of our

to burrowed their way into the cells. The second most powerfu malgamated Union of Engineerprovides a vivid example of the in and its results.

de only about 2,500 registered \$2 men on the AUEW's National rd-carrying members of the ording to Lord Chalfont, About title are either party members

mighty AUEW appeared to be ward total Communist control. mouts sometimes as low as 2½ where able to tuck their men or Here and more union offices. "A nall percentage are always on their shoulders," explained

John Boyd, the union's newly elected and fervent anti-Communist general secretary, in an interview.

Hence, in 1969 Mr. Boyd rallied the anti-Communists and managed by one vote on the National Committee (meeting as a rules committee) to switch the union to a postal ballot. The result was a dramatic increase in participation, often rising well above 30 percent, and the defeat of many Communist candidates.

However, the Communists counterattacked last month. The National Committee (meeting again as a rules committee as it does every five years) narrowly voted to retain the postal ballot. But, taking advantage of a mixup in committee members' credentials, the leftists managed to reduce this majority to a tie. Union president Hugh Scanlon (a former Communist Party member) later used his vote on the seven-member National Executive to throw the postal ballot out.

Such tactics, repeated throughout the union movement, give the Communists and fellow travelers national scope. "There are very few unions in Britain which don't have a Communist cell," says Mr. Boyd. "Fundamentally the Communists look upon their aim and object in life as being to undermine what they consider lifthe capitalist society."

"Under normal conditions is itsile's mixed somethy."

and open society muddle along sufficiently well to make the Communists' real national impact of little importance. But today's conditions are far from normal.

have undermined the authority of Parliament. Militant trade-union leaders have taken advantage of the situation, delying attempts at wage control and even flouting laws enacted by Parliament.

It is a most point how much the Communists are responsible for today's highly charged climate of anxiety and confrontation. What is certain is that it is an ideal atmosphere for them to exploit.

Their motives and methods, along with those of the rest of the extreme left, have therefore become the focus of far greater than usual concern. This is especially so since grave economic and political. challenges still lie abead.

John Boyd: tuba player and scourge of the Communists

"Big John" Boyd takes communism seriously.

This former chairman of the British Labour Party National Executive and current senior member of the Trade Union Congress has been fighting the Communists with a mixture of Salvation Army fervor and Scots shrewdness for more than three decades.

Back in the "hungry '80s" he tramped to work in boots with distinctive holes punched in the instep — to identify them as parish council issue to the poor, not to be pawned. It was then he adopted his life's motto:

i limitat beadlong into see of toil, leaf far from self, and spend my soul or others" (Charles Kingsley).

Since then "Big. John's wee bit o' poetry" has been used to launch every one of his many union election campaigns. At 28 he was elected his union's youngest-ever official against strenuous Communist opposition. Now he has just been elected general secretary of Brit ain's second most powerful union (the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers), once more against vigorous opposition from the far left.

When he is not playing the tuba for the Salvationists ("I'm a man of faith; if the spirit of God is within, you have liberty"), he can be found campaigning



Boyd: Scots shrewdness

flercely against Communist control of

("They don't have to work hard when faced with the apathy of the British

But he wouldn't have communism outlawed. You have to defeat it by superior thinking and action, he says: The superiority of democratic thinking should expose the shallowness of bureaucracy and dictatorship:"

Do stars flash messages?

By Robert C. Cowen

Later this summer and again in the fall, the U.S. astronomical satellite Copernicus will turn a telescopic eye on a nearby star to see if anyone there is trying

Research notebook

It's part of a continuing, worldwide effort to make contact with other worlds. But, while others are listening for radio messages, Copernicus guest investigator Herbert F. Wischnia is looking for possible flashes of an ultraviolet laser.

With radio, a listener has to know exactly to which frequency to tune a receiver. With light, including ultraviolet wavelengths, an optical telescope can pick up a whole spectrum of frequencies at a glance. Since it can take years for a radio telescope to cover a significant band of frequencies because of the complex data processing involved, Mr. Wischnia thinks aliens would use light for initial

He believes there are two reasons to favor the ultraviolet range. First, our sun and the sters he is studying emit no natural ultraviolet rays which would obscure a signal. Secondly, at least in the laser technology we know, ultraviolet lasers are exceptionally powerful and efficient, well adapted for interstellar

If such a signal were picked up, Mr. Wischnia adds, it probably would tell at what radio (requency to listen for further information. Radio would be the best way to communicate once contact were estab-lished. Indeed, we could send large volumes of information by interstellar radio right now if we knew whether and at what frequency someone were listening and sending. So the biggest problem of all is making that first contact.

Mr. Wischnia has to use a satellite telescope since the atmosphere's ozone blocks ultraviolet radiations. And he has to be selective in his targets, for he has only a little allocated observing time. So he is looking at three stars judged likely to have planets, all older than the sun and

at about 11 light years distance. Mr. Wischnia doesn't have any great hope of making a contact right away. Like other investigators, he believes it can take many decades of sustained search to turn up an alien signal. But he has faith that such signals are being sent and could be detected at any time.

There is more than scientific curlosity

pure problems. That A: will bither perform that A: will be the performance of the perform tions probably face such a challenge at. about our stage of development. If civili-zations on other worlds are sending messages, they reason, these civilizations probably have surmounted this challenge and we might learn from their experience.

Thus, the greatest outreach the human race has yet made, an attempt to contact other worlds, is motivated partly by a yearning to transcend the problems of 20th-century earth.



This beaver enjoys the protection of the Berezhinsky nature reserve

How Soviets help save vanishing species

By Grigori Zakharov

Forty-five years ago, there were not more than a few hundred muskrats on the territory of the U.S.S.R., and they could be found only in several small areas in Kazakhstan. Now muskrats, transported to other parts of the country where they were set free to multiply, have populated hundreds of water reservoirs, from the Arctic Ocean to the Caspian Sea, and from the Far East to the

By the beginning of this century, eik were on the verge of extinction in Russia. The Soviet Government took emergency measures to save these animals. It was strictly prohibited to shoot elk, the size of the herd was regulated, and their biology thoroughly stud-ied. Now there are about 700,000 head of olk in the Soviet Union — as many as in all the other countries taken together.

These examples give an idea of the two methods of saving animals from extinction applied in the Soviet Union. The first method is to transport the animal to some other region! where it is set free to live under better conditions. The second method is the organization of the system of reserves, the regulation of hunting, and other measures facilitating natural reproduction and migration.

These methods together have helped to increase immeasurably the numbers of such animals as sable and river beaver. Wild boar, raccoon dog, spotted dear and stag, auroch, and saigak are also growing in number and have extended the areas of their habitation.

number of districts of the country.

control is to protect the animals from exlinction and, on the other hand, to prevent the excessive growth of their number. For this purpose man must know the size of the herd, and to be able to prognosticate it for the future.

The methods used to gauge this have been developed at the All-Union Hunting and Animal Breeding Research Institute, the largest research institute of the kind in the world. It is staffed with more than 180 researchers, including many highly qualified

Research is energetically conducted at the 14 branches of the institute and five bases scattered over the country's territory, from

Mr. Zakharov writes for the Soviet

species. For example, in the past few years wood-grouse from the Kirov region in the north of Russia have done well in Kazakhstan, though these birds had never lived in such southern districts before. Wood-grouse also acclimatized in Transcoucasia, the Bultic Area, and the Moscow region. Now these birds, along with pheasants and quail, are bred in special nurseries and then taken to a However, the work connected with moving the birds and animals to the new districts

involves some difficulties. What should be the maximum size of some other animal or bird population and should the number of animals meant for populating new areas be controlled?

The essence of the U.S.S.R. system of

the Baltic Sea to the Pacific Ocean.

News Agency, Novosti.



Young wild board at the Belove thakays Pustichs state reserve

The Egyptian pyramids: monuments public works

By David F. Salida, Staff correspondent The Christian Science

Were the pyramids simple ments to the phorachs or we public works conceived to Egyptian society economical

The first is the traditional color second is advanced by Kuri Ki delssohn, an emeritus profesorialis Oxford University.

Looking at pyramid building at the has brought Professor Mendelshi latter conclusion. He feels that the were constructed to keep farmente the annual period when the Nilefini helped transform a village commi centralized state.

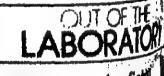
"The true importance of the provide building them, rather than in page the final product," Dr. Mendelssois in a paper presented at the annului the American Association for this inent of Science (AAAS).

He argues that it is technological sible that each pharach, on seek throne, could order the building da und expect it to be finished beforeit fact, more pyramids were built were pharmin to bury at the time that, as work on one pyramite work on a second would begin.

"It was the pyramid project" pharnon that was ruling Egypter chief object, the creation of the achieved, the project could had without having to be resund

A parallel situation - a visco replaced by a centralized statethe valley of Mexico and my land building of the two pyramides feet

Dr. Mendelssolin's conclusio ha Technology and the nation date of glove, both today and in anter the



Electricity for fish

Netherlands Fisheries Research ment Shramp (matterian to volume) and fisheries Research ment Shramp (matterian to volume) and fisheries (corn the bottom in the cornel) with the cornel of the corner to be bottom in the cornel of the corner to be bottom in the cornel of the corner to be bottom in the cornel of the corner to be bottom in the cornel of t seconds rise from the bottom ographic conference. This c turbance than do faster moving irawis, which use chains to sign immeture or unwanted fish, not Those particular electric pulses. to be trapped.

'Fins' for trucks

Automobile fins may be past he liaing for the big tractor trailer it goods from city to city may be it future. Hecent tests conducted his National design of the conducted its National Science Poundation 80 mast of Transportation indicate fairings and vapes belief to said fairings and vapes belief to said pould result in a yearly saving all gallons of truck fuel. However, it railer rig with high cab and pigned end aledgehammers the alr of a while cruthing down the highest while cruthing down the highest down on the efficiently of these down.

联相, Victoria, Irene, Alix in 1885

The Mountbattens royal and indestructible

The Mountbattens: The Last Days of Eu-her granddaughter Alix's fairy-tale romance with Tsarovitch Nicholas — they became the ropean Royalty, by Richand Hough, New York: E. P. Dutton, \$14.95, London: Hutch-

By Robert Nye

Richard Hough has had access to a source untapped by previous writers — the unpublished letters of Queen Victoria - and this alone would give interest to his portrait of the Mountbatten family. Even without such a bonus, however, his blognaphy of this clan whose fortunes have been intertwined with so many royal dynasties is eminently worth-

At the center of his picture are Prince Louis of Battenberg (the first Mountbatten), and his wife, Princess Victoria of Hesse, who was

Queen Victoria's favorite granddaughter. Since Prince Louis was the effective commander of the British Navy, and Mr. Hough is a distinguished naval historism, it will correctly be supposed that the book is both more ntelligent and less glossy than official lives of royalty usually turn out to be,

The Mountbattens, of course, enriched not only the British royal house. We learn here of Queen Victoria's unavailing attempts to end

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ill-fated Nicholas and Alexandra of Russia, We are afforded intimate glimpses also of royal cousins at play a mere five months before history engulfed them and five of them were murdered by Russian revolutionaries.

As Mr. Hough shows, the Battenbergs have had the capacity, like the fabled phoenix of old, to rise anew from the ashes. In more recent times, members of the family have again distinguished themselves on the world scene. Lord Mountbatten became the last Vicercy of India, Prince Philip is now the husband of Queen Elizapeth II, and a vital component of the English public scene, with his habit of outspoken and refreshing comment on social affairs - an area in which members of royal families have traditionally been required to hold their tongues, on pain of losing their heads.

This book is first and foremost the record of a family. It is secondly a record of a specifically royal family. In other words, Mr. Hough is no hagiographer — he gives us real people. He has the advantage of writing about real people with a unique relationship to what remains of the European monarchical system. He should appeal to ordinary readers as well as to historians in this field.

Robert Nye is a poet, critic, and essayist who lives in Scotland.

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Films of the future

By David Sterritt

Final article in a two-part series.

What will tomorrow's movies look like? Well, for one example, envision a new D. W. Griffith remaking "The Birth of a Nation" for the 21st century — a gigantic work designed for viewing on 50 screens of varying shapes and sizes, each subtly selected for its own type of visual impact.

Or imagine a cinematic Picasso, fashioning a film without using cameras. Sculptorlike, he assembles images from hundreds of materials, pastes them between strips of celluloid, and presents us with a nonrepresentative kinetic collage.
And we mustn't forget the newest kind of

movie artist, the creative projectionist. Tomorrow's filmmakers will rely on him to turn a single movie into a countless variety of viewing experiences — by molding visual material into ever-new combinations and juxtapositions, orchestrating armies of projectors into cinematic symphony orchestras.

Such bold craftsmen are already plying their experiments, albeit off the beaten path.

As their influence grows, the traditional narrative film will become just one of many options in a sea of cinematic possibilities. Storytelling will remain a key function of movies, and rightly so. But future narratives will be unfolded in entirely new ways, calling for newly imaginative responses from even the casual filmgoer.

in this brave new movie world, a concern with character will become more imperative than ever, on both sides of the camera. Faced with a vigorously growing artistic environ-ment, the serious filmmaker will be called

increasing care, thought, and insight. Like the cubist sculptor or action painter before him, he will be unable to fall back on easy conventions and familiar formulas. The worlds of light and motion will lie open before

arts/books

Meanwhile, audiences surrounded by fresh film forms will have the responsibility of developing a newly rigorous critical sense. Happily, technical advances will continue to make film increasingly accessible and familiar to the public, accelerating popular acceptance of unconventional works.

Jean Cocteau overstated the case when he remarked that einema would not be a true art ntil its materials were as available and inexpensive as pencil and paper. But technological improvements have made the materials of movic camera and video recorder immediately at hand to many of today's

Thus the time may not be distant when film critics no longer limit themselves to writing. but also make motion pictures to illustratetheir views. And the time has virtually arrived when fans, no longer restricted to occasional. viewings of new movies, will stock their own living rooms with cassette-recorded masterpieces and copies of their own filmed efforts. In 8-D, of course.

Amid these now developments, old cinematic habits will no longer suffice. As new visual ocabularies are uncovered and explored, fresh insights will emerge continually into the characters of artists and viewers alike. Filmmakers and audiences can then proceed, more closely linked than ever, toward the continuing goal of cinema — the discovery of whole new ways of seeing.

The Rolling Stones tour America

By Lynde McCormick

This is it. Trumpets herald, drums pound through huge speakers hanging overhead. The crowd is on its feet with a deafening roar.

The Rolling Stones, They saunter out and Keith Richard plugs in his guitar, going right into "Honky Tonk Woman." Mick Jagger walks in from backstage, The crowd grows impossibly louder, booming at a decibel level

my ears desperately tell me is in the danger. zone. He stands for a minute and jumps into

The magic at Boston Garden, second stop on their American tour, was not only undeniable. it was overwhelming. This was "the greatest rock 'n' roll band in the world," as someone called them during the 1972 tour. And lest there be any doubt, they still come across with the greatest rock 'n' roll concert in the world

 despite recent talk about their being passe. The frills and trappings of rich young punks were there: Jagger wore a pink jacket, rhinestone belt, and pants that looked like elongated golf knickers; Keith Richard and stand-in guitarist Ron Wood both wore leather

The Stones are the raw edge of rock 'n' roll. They are its kings. Every rock band that flashes glitter and deflance at an audience and the world owes a tithe to the tough, suitry, and nasty act of Mick Jagger.
There's little doubt that the Stones and

Jagger have outgrown the raw image of sex and violence that throbbed from their stage in previous years. In the early days, they really were young toughs; now they only act the part. The shell is still there — "Heartbreaker" takes violent alm at violence and "Star, Star" has words one wouldn't reprint here - but what comes across more clearly is Jagger the performer, whose eyes reflect a look of detachment while his body grinds itself to exhaustion with each performance.

From the opening number, the Stones went into a couple of rockers, keeping the crowd on its feet. Then they quieted the people with milder tunes until the end of the set when things popped with "Midnight Rambler," "Jumpin" Jack Flash," "Street Fightin" Man," and "It's Only Rock and Roll."

The other train robbery

The Great Train Robbery, by Michael Crichton. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, \$7.95.

Best known presently for two futuristic novels that became popular films ("The Andromeda Strain" and "The Terminal Man"), Michael Crichton makes a bid for a

Books

much larger audience with a backward-looking novel detailing a meticulously planned crime of 1855:

Mr. Crichton focuses on elaborate prepara-tions for robbing a British train of a large payroll carried in a seemingly impregnable safe — one requiring four different keys to open, Not much attention is paid to the way the crime was eventually solved, apparently because it was not clever police work out a

chance development that brought some of the perpetrators to justice.

The Victorian setting and the author's skillful transmission of underworld argot of the day put this suspenseful novel into a class that might at first seem rather too special. But Mr. Crichton imobtrusively weaves in helpful explanations. **Can you buzz a customer and ** explanations: "Can you ouz, a discomer and come out dry?" turns out to ask whether an accomplished pickpocket can take an attempt and not actually commit the crime.

Mr. Crichton tells his story in a series of short, economical chapters which neatly advance the preparations for the robbery in the

familiar rhythms of a screenplay. Indiact, a colorful, nostalgic film seems as inevitable as the successful tossing of gold-filled sacks out of

the railway baggage-car door. — Frederick H. Guldry

Gold medalist Hemery emerges for a spot of hurdling Munching quiche Lorraine in a Paris park

By Larry Eldridge

British Olympian Dave Hemery, who retired after winning a gold medal at Mexico City and a bronze at Munich, is returning to his hurdles specialty for the first time since 1972.

The lanky 30-year-old Englishman who now lives in Braintree, Mass., joined the pro track tour for its last three meets of the 1975 season which wound up in London last week.

"I wouldn't rule out a return to fulltime running next season, but I'm going to play it by ear," he says. "My main goal right now is to qualify for the next U.S. Superstars competition."

Athletics

Hemery would seem to be a natural in this latest lucrative plaything of professional athletes; he has already demonstrated his all-around ability by winning the first British version in 1973 and finishing second in 1974.

His victory came against a star-studded field which included European heavyweight champion Joe Bugner, tennis star Roger Taylor, golfer Tony Jacklin, auto driver Jackie Stewart, soccer captain Bobby Moore, and rugby ace Barry John.

Last year in defense of his title he was besten out by world lightweight chamption John Conteh.

"I'd like another shot at him, though," Dave says. "It would be very close."

In England they banned Dave from the 100 meter race but did let him in the 600 meter steeplechase — provided that he'd accept a handicap of an extra 100 meters and an additional hurdle!

"I did it, and the first year I still won the race." he recalls, "The others were



Dave Hemery

falling over hurdles and everything. The second year I actually ran it five seconds faster but by then the rest had learned how to do it, and I only finished fourth." Hemery got interested in track as a young boy in London.

"I was only about seven when I started going to watch the blg meets, with people like Roger Bannister running," he recalls. "There was something about the aura of an international meet, with floodlights all over, and 50,000 people in the stadium. A great feeling."

The youngster started running in schoolboy competitions, and usually winning. Then when he was 12 his family moved to the Boston area where he went to prep school and Boston University.

Hemery says his success was due primarily to working with two outstanding coaches - Fred Housdon, who developed his hurdle technique in England, and Billy Smith at BU, who "just has a great feeling for overall training."

'People are basically lazy," Davo explains, "Guys will usually do anything to get out of a run. But if you are going to want to ask yourself for that little extra in a race, you must have asked for it in training too. If not, it isn't going to be there. Your body adapts itself to what you ask of it."

Hemery has been trying to follow this theory in preparing for his comeback, but even with hard work he knows he'll be up against it in the pro race, where he'll meet world record high hurdler Rod Milburn at a compromise distance of 300

"I know he's got much better basic speed," Davo says. "I just hope my stamina will give me a chance to catch

Hemery set a world record de seconds in the 1968 Olympic of hurdles. The sprint times were in fast, though, in Mexico City tudes, and at sea level his time ha into about 48.5. Four year le Munich he ran at almost extent speed -- 48.52 to be exact - but 6 it was only good for thin it

During and after his Olymph Homery continued his store graduate degrees in educati Harvard and Oxford, He tal. a while in England, then specific as director of a huge indoor in London.

At present Dave and his with are living in Braintree while he was work on an autobiography added ues training in hopes of mint British women's Olympic testible meters.

"I'm trying to make the book man the usual athletic stuff," Henery "I'm trying to look at the hund Olympics, politics in sports, wh philosophy in general.

"The Olympics are in terribless because of their size. Also, theret political -- a tremendous lumb. extremists.

"The stopgap reductions with limit the size are a farce. You call climinate one walking event imit gastronomy for as little as \$3. track program. You have to do som. ..

By Martin and Marcia Abramson Special to The Christian Science Monitor For Americans who love Paris in the

springtime, there is no fear this year of love going unrequited. Stung by persistent stories of outrageously high prices and an ingrained attitude of anti-Americanism, the French have embarked on a campaign to counteract such rumors and arrest the decline in Yankee So far so good. Newly-arrived Americans

are finding they can indeed savor the enchant-ments of the City of Light without going bankrupt, and that shopkeepers, concierges, waiters, et al, are being unusually nice to them, Even nature is cooperating. Following a mild winter, the foliage in Paris's legendary gardens came into bloom shead of schedule.

The secret of enjoying Paris on a moderate budget is to do what the French do. They avoid the tourist traps, the majestic hotels, and the celebrity-restaurants like Maxim's, and seek out places with modest appurtenances yet charm and quality. They by-pass a la carte entrees in favor of "le plat du jour" - the meal of the day — with a fixed price that even

The French Government Tourist Bureau is acquainting tourists with the ways of the homegrown population by widely circulating authorities have used until now by pamphlets listing "inexpensive and friendly restaurants," where you can enjoy Gallic

> (For information, call or write the French Government Tourist Office, 610 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 19020.) And Air France has joined the campaign by distributing its own guide of "Inexpensive Paris Restaurants Near ride. Farnous Monuments." All

• We checked out several that were listed in the booklets and found the recommendations Hile," she says with demust, held up. The fare is not in the Cordon Bieu determination. "That's the only class but is, noistheless, appetizing. Our the Seine, Monmarire, the Palais Royal, the pinnship I've missed, if I could be included Care Procope, where Hills, I'd have all the Grand Shane you can dine tastefully for about \$3.50 and

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enioy the atmosphere of the oldest-known cafe in Europe, Its location in the Latin Quarter attracts large numbers of students. Other choice places were Les Bosquets, a bistro in the Montmarte, and the string of Drugstore

Best buy of all was situated in an upstairs wing of Le Colise Restaurant, right on the Champs-Elysees, For about \$3.50, we were given the all-the-food-you-can-eat treatment. First, there was a buffet of cold foods, then hot foods. When scheduling dinner at this place, the thrifty traveler can skip lunch entirely, knowing he will be satisted at the evening meal. We never ate lunch in restaurants anyway. Following the style of the Frenchmen-in-the-street, we stopped at one of the innumerable pastry shops — all with heavenly smells — and bought one of their tasty, price fixed French breads or croissants or quiche Lorraine. We then munched happily on a bench in on of the city squares or parks.

The Tourist Office guides are also inviting attention to the smaller, less expensive hotels, which exist in greater number in Paris than other European capitals. Some lack private lavatories, but others, like the attractive Hotel des Tuileries, have pleasant rooms, modern plumbing in each room, and breakfast, all for nbout \$20 a couple.

To visit the classic wonders of Paris, the French travel by subway — the Metro — and we found it the most pleasant and efficient of all underground systems. The trains are almost noiseless and roll every four or five minutes. Stations have bright, futuristic decors, music plays softly on platforms, and the price is right. Tickets can be purchased in groups of 10, costing approximately 17 cents a trip - half the price of a New York subway

All the lines linking the districts of Paris conveniently interlock, with no charge for transfers, and every attraction - the Louvre.

To mitigate the problem of higher air fares caused by oppressive fuel costs, the French have been encouraging more of the lower-fare charter flights, and Air France is promoting its "Flexi-Plan Tours" with lower fares for groups of 10 or more. The French, for the first time, are also offering a fringe bonus to air travelers, providing 22 free offers and discounts to Paris attractions.

will note an increased number of cost-free pastimes. These include musicales that issue forth from churches and at public monuments; organ musicales and concerts in courtyards; a wide variety of auctions; and lectures at the College de France. The seasoned stroller or flaneur will also be familiar with the free marionette theater in the Tuileries, the view of the Champs Elysees from the top of the Arc de Triomphe, the icwelry and flea markets, the outdoor art exhibits, the mule and horse market, the street entertainment and displays of the Latin Quarter, and the breathtaking view from the Basilica of Sacre Coeur. He will make sure to go to the Louvre, the National Modern Art Museum, and the Victor Hugo Museum on Sundays for, as the Franch well know, admission is free that day. He will have no compunction about taking a chair in the public parks — they used to cost a dime but are now

The invitation to Americans to do things the traditional French way is reflected in a general return to tradition in the nation this year, This is the "Gothic Year" in Franco. with special tours and trips planned for visitors to sites that feature Gothic architecture first created in France in 1100.



trave

Eiffel Tower by night

Graceful Evonne: she's top of the pops in women's tennis By Nick Selts

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Stamford, Connecticut What's in a name? A lot if it's Evonne Goolagong. She is the delight of all us amateur

onomaphiles, or fanciers of names. As much as I admired P. G. Wodehouse's ability to build a story line, it was his imagination with names that won me. Who can forget such flavorful characters as Rollo Podmarsh, Gladstone Bott and Raymond Paralow Devine?

Goolagong's recent engagement to a British chap saddens me. I'm sure he's a decent enough fellow, this Roger Cawley, but he's going to change Evonne's lilting singalong name, and for that I cannot forgive him, I mean, Mrs. Roger Cawley just doesn't ring

like Evonne Goolagong. Goolagong. The syllables tumble from the tongue as delightfully as notes from Doc Severinsen's trumpet. It's a name that builds resoundingly to a clanging climax: Gool-s-GONG: It has to be the best name in sports

"I like my name," Evonne says. "I really do. It's what secretly I've always liked best about myself.'

Her last name translates from the Australian aborigine tongue as "tall trees near still water." That is the sort of pastoral setting that best of your day. Comparisons between play- so much criticism, happens today to be quite

her perhaps the premier crowld lavorite in soccer team of today would been abritual. The presumption grows that she will leave

lengts after she marries best year. "She gives ber entirety to anything she does, and it will be impossible for her to play tennis and he married for any length of time," says her long-time coach, Vic Edwards

Only 23 now, she has one remaining goal she hopes to fulfill this year. It is not - surprise the Grand Slam. Since she is the 1975 Australian Open champion and therefore the only woman with a chance at the traditional slam of the Australian, French, Wimbledon and Forest Hills titles, tennis experts have been speculating on her chances to win those four tournaments. They can save their breath.

"I'm not going to enter the French," she said here at a recent exhibition match for the

National Junior Tennis League. "I'll be playing team tennis.''

A member of the Pittsburgh Triangles (not one of the great names in sports), Goolagong was banned from the French Open last June because of her affiliation with World Team Tennis, as was Jimmy Connors. This year the ban has been removed, and some top WTT players probably will take leaves of absence to play in the French, which begins this week in Paris: But not Goolagong.

Her reasons would seem to be several. She feels a loyalty to team tennis because it, more then anything else, has improved her play, Her only conspicuous weakness has been an inability to concentrate; she is famous for her 'walkabouts' — her lapses of concentration

By John Allan May

One is quite safe in saying this, of course, for

there is no such thing as a British soccer-team. Great Britain is the only country in the world of sport that abilits its talent into four learns, England, Scotland, Wales and North-ern Ireland.

And when people are critical of British

that "English football" is in the dolor time tiley

allow their disappointment to spill out to cover

But why should England always he expected to have the best team?

Many of the top players in the English

League are Scots, while quite a mimber are

every national team around.

the whole country

on court. Team tennis has improved her focusing power. "Matches in tenm tennis has just one set,

and I have to concentrate," she says. "I have

to go for every point." Another loyally factor is Edwards, the Pittsburgh coach, who has tutored her intensively since she was an il-year-old in Barellan, her liny home town in the Australian wheat country. They virtually come as a team. "If I had one bit of advice for the average

As for her last goal in the game, if it isn't the Grand Slam, what is it? "I'd like to win the U.S. Open at Forest neguralely.

Also Goolsgong would become woman to win the three tournment. realistic modern standards, rais sit. important in the world: Wimble Hills and the Virginia Slims probabl

Evonne came close to ber mit Hills last year, beating Cink But! woman player," she says, "It would be to get a semifinals and then taking the first.
Billie Jean King in the finals bear good coach, stick with him, and practice rallied to win the little. The protect Goolagong also reached the find and

British soccer could easily be a world-beater

Special to scotland should find itself with a truly great shoot. The men 'up for all kings The Christian Science Monitor It is about as fashionable to praise British learn every so often? Or Wales? Or Northern

football as it is to affect short hair. Well, so be it. Let us go to the barber's. As a matter of fact the results in the For in spite of appearances British football European Championship to date show that all four national sides have great merit.

And the English team, which has received England has so much talent to make the right of stands at a very high peak. As Bobby Jones, four national sides have great merit. the golfer, once noted you can only beat the

British torne champlonship.
The 5-1 defeat of Scotland at Wembley was a truly masterly performance, particularly when it is remembered that the Scots went into the game as clear favorites.

The popular confusion of "England" with the whole United Kingdom, one feels, proh. ship puts à lot of extra pressure on England's Rothallers, The Scots will be forgiven if they slip. The English, for this reason, will not. All the players know it.

football today they forget this. They fall into the common error of hinking of Britain when they use the word "England." When they say But as it happens Don Revie's England team already has both a considerable record and the makings of a world-beating side. It is a team that has yet to be defeated. It is a sam that went seven matches without having

a single goal scored against it. Frue, its play has been described as industrial ! It seems to lack speed. It likes to play the ball backwards. It appears to depend a lot of physical strength. It does not seem to

Ather and Aramis but when White But, as i said, a team can ell be

of its day. And properties at

question of hading the right of to be left out. With Sorrowish occasions as Kevin Kegan's trussey showed

Rogiand remains very This itself indicates the t available. Colin Todd his lake Bubby Moore - the greatest eral" of the past 20 years and greatest footballer - and the ence in minimal: Todd, already player, is marked for great mence in goal need fear no cols,

the one and only Gordon Books.

But supposing England could still Billy Bremner, Douglas Jardine, religious and Kenny Dalgleish, and could be be from the best 22 of Wales and the best 22 of Wales kreisund? What a football team could from such material

Even as at is Great Britain est b England. And so should England be.

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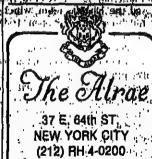
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hink fill of Monitor advertiser

IQ tests are failing

Staff writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

The IQ test - calculating a person's

Intelligence in a single number - is

coming under the severest test in its 70-

wear history. While most schools still use IQ scores, a

simmering issue surrounding such testing

Black parents in Boston, Chicago, Cal-

ifornia, Florida, Virginia, and North Caro-

lina charge IQ testing does not account for

cultural, economic, and linguistic differ-

ences in students - and thus unjustly

roules minority children into "special

education" classes. And some judges

Educators, too, are thinking more and

more about whether intelligence can be

has crupted in the courts.

in American schools

A fillip for world bankers

Business and financial editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Anisterdam The world's top commercial bankers, who gathered here recently for an international monetary conference, beaved a collective sigh

As Gabriel Hauge, chairman of Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, New York, and president of the conference, put it: "The worst fears of a financial crisis a year ago this time have not materialized."

It was at this point in 1974 when commercial bankers everywhere were nervously watching the collapse of Bankhaus I. D. Herstatt in West Germany and Franklin National Bank in New York, With stern monetary policies widely in force, would such bank failures become an epidemic? they were

They didn't, of course. Bankers tightened up on their costs, became more conservative in their lending and investment policies, and generally improved the health of their balance

By now, most bankers are feeling pretty self-confident if not amug. Whereas the profile of many industrial firms are suffering from the recession, most banks are racking up

It is not that banks have no problems. They are worried about the safety of many of their loans. They are trying to the their capital to a more secure relationship with their loans and

But they have, as Mr. Hauge said, "negotlated the passage," He added in a press statement here: "I would judge that our



banking institutions are healthier for having

There are other reasons why the 200 financial leaders from the United States and 21 other nations attending this annual international monetary conference generally feel more relaxed than they did a year ago.

• The petrodoliar problem has proved to be less severe than first anticipated.

Since commercial banks have handled the bulk of these dollars, there is some element of self-congratulation among the bankers.

Commented Mr. Hauge: "The short-term recycling job has proved so far to be more manageable in the event than in the prospec and the long-term likelihood of unmanage shifts of wealth from the rest of the world to OPEC has taken on more hopeful dimen-

· Despite the international payments probioms created by the quadrupling of oil prices and the worldwide recession, the industrial nations have not resorted to "beggar-thyneighbor" trade restrictions.

Only recently the industrial countries pledged once more not to try to pass on their domestic problems to other nations by hitting Referring to the opposite disastrous ex-

perience of the 1930s, Mr. Hause said: Perhaps, after all, we do learn something from history."

 Most industrial nations have reduced their inflation rates.

in the United States, consumer prices rose at a little more than 6 percent rate in the first four months of this year, compared with a 14 percent rate last summer. The inflation rate should decline further as the year advances.

Noted Mr. Hauga: ". . . The experience of recent months has shown that it [inflation] can be challenged.' · The worldwide recession, though a deep

widespread last fall are being produced Responding to higher unemplying industrial nations switched to exam

ctury and fiscal policies some make

and the results are now beginning time

in the United States, noted its "there is persuasive evidence that sion is over and that our economist its breath for a fresh advance."

Summing up, Netherlands Print noted: "The international systemis" operative, it has been remarkable and it has most certainly not collect There are still many problems

dangers of "fragmentation of the cooperation" The industrial mail work out a better relations developing countries. The interes tury system is still in add Unemployment needs to be rest stirnulating a fresh bout of balling But the mood among the Amaterdam was relatively them

How to help children Prince Bernhard spoke of the learn the 2 R's

By Cynthia Parsons Education editor of The Christian Science Monitor Temps, Arizons

Twelve years ago I met Dr. Jeannette Veatch at a conference on the teaching of reading. A dynamic speaker, a dedicated teacher, a deep believer in fitting reading instruction to the pupil.

This spring I wrote to Dr. Veatch, now a professor at Arizona State University, asking if I might talk with her about the "basics," about reading and writing. Her response was immediate and enthusiastic.

"On May 8 is the last meeting of my class in reading, writing (i.e., the basics!) of the semester. From 4:40 to 7:30 p.m. we will be sharing and describing classroom teaching. There are 59 teachers in that class - mostly glementary with a sprinkling of high school. In What session you would find out more about how reading is being taught] than you would in a week of running around and looking at

Most of the teachers were from the Phoenix area which has some 55 school districts and early 250,000 pupils, kindergarten to grade

The first teacher to speak that evening told of asking a pupil to pick a key word, that is to choose a word that meant comething special, to learn to spell it, and then to write a story using it as the key word in the story. Result: "laundry." And the title of a delightful composition - "Don't Paint on Your Mother's Leundryi

tests to be biased in favor of white, middle-

class students. The judge ordered last December that black children could not be

given individual IQ tests in California

unless the tests account for their cultural

An unusually high percentage of blacks had been found in classes for the "educable

mentally retarded." Group IQ testing

already has been dropped by most Cal-

A household term in much of America,

IQ scores are so embrolled in controversy

that a few large public-school systems have

Still, most schools give the tests, and

Educators who administer IQ tests find

them useful to judge a school's perfor-

mance and, along with a battery of other

many states mandate group IQ tests.

tried to abandon them - in name if not in

ifornia schools within the last two years.

Another told of opening up her kindergarten class so that the children could explore learning centers. These centers even had typewriters and as the little ones learned the letters, they began making use of the typevriters. She contrasted her own class's ability after a few weeks to make constructive use of the centers with the inability of another group to do so because they were too accustomed to

an authoritarian setting.

This teacher concluded: "A too highly structured environment takes the 'self' out of

Dr. Veatch Interjected a note about the use of the word "structure," and exclaimed, "I Insist that I am structured because I am systematic - even though I individualize the

A fourth-grade teacher told how after

di intala artificati intali sumi interiorio di sagrada

- educational and the second of the second o

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ndividualizing her reading instruction and encouraging the children to share books and stories, she began freeing her art classes. She said, looking still rather startled at herself, "I couldn't ask them all to do the same drawing in art when I saw the fun they were having hoosing their own reading books!":

tests, in determining students' potential to

succeed in school, says George Weber, associate director of the Council for Basic

Teachers find IQ tests fair indicators for pupils without mental, physical, or social

handicaps, but poor indicators of abilities

for socially or culturally disadvantaged pupils, according to a recent poll by the

"What the IQ test measures, to a

Black psychologists argue that IQ scores

are self-fulfilling predictions — children

with low IQ scores are placed in slow-

learning classes where they learn less,

A few Southern schools recently have

been stopped by court orders from using

IQ tests to segregate white and black

student within a school - based on the fact

that blacks consistently score lower than

The U.S. Supreme Court joined critics in

1972 by ruling that 13 black employees had

been excluded wrongly from better jobs

through use of a general intelligence test.

Any test is illegal unless it clearly mea-

whites on standard IQ tests.

thereby supporting the original score.

significant extent, is the child's exposure

to Anglo culture." says psychologist Jane

R. Mercer of University of California.

National Education Association.

Education.

An upper elementary grades teacher used a diswapaper as a vehicle for encouraging reading and writing. Stretching butcher paper across the length of the room, each "correthe stories were in Spanishi
Nearly half the teachers spoke of using a

"key word" approach. This is a "trick" - a device to get a child to focus on just one word. making it deeply and positively his own. For example, one teacher, who was studying Mexico with a fourth-grade class, asked each one to pick a key word — something Mexican. Each pupil wrote the word down and told no. one else. He looked it up in resource books: Made sure he knew all its meanings and uses. Printed and wrote it. Then worked out a story of some kind and produced it as a "surprise"

The mother of a child not yet four years old fold of using the key word approach (saying only those which the child really made his own and retained over a period of time) with this groups,

the court decided. The \$200 million testing industry consid-

sures the skills needed for the specific job,

education

ers IQ testing a valid tool for educators and is altering test designs to meet criticism. A 20-year boom in standardized testing has reached the point where a student graduating from a U.S. public school may average four standardized tests a year, educators estimate.

The IQ controversy has simmered ever since modern intelligence testing began in 1904, when Alfred Binet, Parisian minister of education, was charged with the construction of a test to separate slow learners

from other pupils. But the debate flamed six years ago when Profs. Arthur Jensen of Berkeley, Richard Herrnstein of Harvard, and William Schokley of Stanford each contended that there may be racial and sexual differences in intelligence.

Blacks countered by charging that the national samples used to score IQ tests wore weighted heavily by standards for average white children

"Educators are looking for different types of assessment," says Washington University black psychologist Robert Williams, author of a "black intelligence test."

one, is coming to an end. Frare of another grim depression -- 1930s style -- that were

Winnie-the-Pooh and chums meet a challenge from Big Bird in pajama market

Business and financial correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

New York Big Bird is taking on Winnie-the-Poch in the

The pajama war, for those not familiar with flannels, terrycloths, and bunnysuits, is the battle to win the hearts and minds (not to mention the buying tastes) of children and their parents and grandparents.

The entry of Big Bird and his legion of Sesame Street characters into the clothing

The chief characters used to market the the chief

In the case of Sesame Street, the six superstant, at they are called, will be marketed by J. C. Penticy Co., a major factor to children's wear. Winnie the Pook is marketed by J. C. Penticy Co., a major factor to children's wear. keted by Sears, Roebuck & Co. Montgomery Ward, a division of Marcor, Inc., uses Disney characters, whereas Woodworth's relies on race-car designs and other themes.

Beneath Big Bird's feathers, Penney hopes, lie millions of dollars worth of sales, but the recognition of Sesame Street's drawing power is not new. Children's Television Workshop (CTW), the creators of Sesame Street, succeasfully markets games records books, magazines, and 100 other mostly educational

Its venture into children's wear is its first

large-scale retail effort, though. CTW needs the money to continue its expansion while funds it gets from foundations and other sources are being cut back.

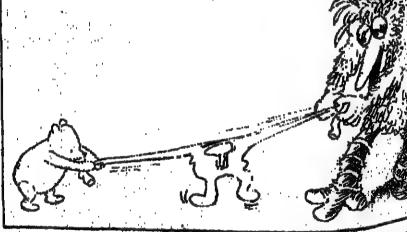
According to William Whaley, vice-president of CTW's product division, J. C. Penney was chosen "because of its marketing strength" and its reputation for low-priced high-quality goods. Also, Mr. Whaley points out, "Penney has shown an interest in other Sesame items that are more educational in

In the meantime purists are asking, "Why

High test and Well, have strict. It had there says want discovered tensors in the remains to be seen. As one ober market despite the entry of Winnie into the however, they may be in in market despite the entry of Winnie into the however, they may be in in market. Replies Mr. Whaleys Well, have strict control over all advertising, promption, and marketing. There will be no television advertising, and everything will be done in good taste. We've even hired our own outside designer to convey our interests to Penney."
What do Wilhie the Pooh, Tigger, Christ.

opher Robins and Mickey Mouse have to say about all this? A spokesman at one retail company says his

firm ran a survey to find out what itscustomers thought of the prospect of Sesame Street clothing. At the time, the company was toying with the ides of putting more money into "gimmicks" to sell its children's line. The survey indicated to them costomers generally were "horrified" at the commercialization of Sesame Street. The survey also indicated customers considered Sears' Winnie outfits too expensive and were also sorry to see the Pooh characters commercialized.



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Norwegian krond Portuguese escuck

South African rand

Spanish penela Swedish kroha Swes franc Vanezuelan bhilivar

DOLLARS

.040

1.350

.061

.028

Montgomery Ward's national merchandise threetly to Sesane Street's M nanager, A) Dapolito, says the retailer dedided to "slick to lie moderately priced high has been quite successful."

Whether or not the Mur

Sears, although not addressing likely stands for profit-

Argentinian peec

Australian dollar

Austrian schilling

Belgian franc

Brazilian cruzeiro

Bittish pound Canadlan dollar Colombian paso

Danjah krons Franch franc

Dutch guilder

CHERISHES INDIVIDUALITY
FOSTERS RESPONSIBILITY FOSTERS RESPONSIBILITY

Boarders (boys 8-14) attend Christian Science Sunday School

for the rest of the class.

little one, and they already had an envelope on the refrigerator with more than 70 words. A teacher of preschoolers helped the class as a group produce a picture dictionary drawings not out out of magazines but done by

the children; Only "key" words allowed in

this "dictionary." And Moully, a high-school teacher used a play about "Hill-Billies" (written to be read aloud in a 4/4 beat) to get the youngsters over their fear of reading aloud in front of the class. peoples and the putting on of innumerable plays by small groups of the students.

Most of the teachers talked about changing. pot only the way in which they had been teaching reading, but the way they had been treating schoolchildren generally.

Dr. Veatch is a firm believer in the dignity.

and intelligence of every child - regardless of age. And she absolutely rejects the notion that the job of a teacher is to pour learning into an empty head. It was clear from the class response that there had been many converted to her way of thinking and doing,

Almost without exception, the teachers stated that they found their pupils were learning more - not fewer - basics now that the teaching was no longer authoritarian or in

home

I speak Russian Я говорю по-русски.

How's everything? Как дела?

Fine! Хорошо!

"nyet," no

The Russian Cyrillic alphabet: shades of the Greek



Get your tongue around a bit of Russian

By Jonathan Gray Staff writer of The Christian Science Monitor

When a Russian says he wants a typewriter, he sounds like a cross between a leaky radiator

"Ya hot-choo pee-shoo-shoo-yoo ma-shin-

The unusual sound combinations are not the language. There is also a different alphabet, the Cyrillic. only distinguishing features of the Russian

It was supposedly brought to the Slavs, (including the Russians) over 1,000 years ago by two men from Byzantium named Methadius and Cyril. Even today many of the

There is one major difference that can get one into hot water when speaking Russian: the word "you." In Russian there are two words, depending on who is talking - and to whom.

At school, for instance, Soviet schoolchildren use the more familiar "ty" with their friends. But with their teachers, the children must say "vy," or risk getting sent to the

When a Soviet citizen meets someone for the first time, he must use the formal "vy:" But after he has been talking for a while - and it can happen right in the middle of a sentence he switches over to the "ty" form.

Russians like their language. They think it is rich, which indeed it is. They can say the same

thing in many different ways. For example, they like having three words for "friend": "Znakomy" is someone you have only just

met, but don't really know, yet. "Priyatel" is an acquaintance whom you may have known ten minutes or ten years.

 "Drook" is someone you would give your last drop of water to in the desert because you like him so much.

One can learn to read the Cyrillic alphabet, too. Many of the letters are just like the English. Others you have never seen before. And still others - probably the trickless to romember - look like the Roman letters of English but have different sounds.

Familiar terms are the Russian way of Here is how they are spelled in Russian:

letter tu just like an English"t. Here are some Russian plea

like to get your longue rot "Kak dief-a?" "Har-a-sho"

"Ya ga var yoo pa roosky."

Britons 'dig for victory' as fruit and veg prices rocket

By Ann Ryan Special to The Christian Science Monitor

The soaring price of food in Britain, just one aspect of the country's 25 percent rate of inflation, is prompting more and more amateur gardeners to grow their own fruit and

The last time this happened was 35 years ago

during World Was II when the nation was tirged to "Dig for Victory" in order to produce enough food. Though the desperate shortages of wartime are not in evidence today, and greengrocers shops are as well stocked as ever, it is nonetheless a case of digging for survival for many families who are finding it increasingly difficult to make ends meet.

Along with the money they save in growing their own food, many people are discovering for the first time how delicious fresh produce from the garden can be.

They are also experimenting with the cultivation of unusual varieties of vegetables and with combinations of vegetables in dishes such as ratatouille, which need only the

The "Grow Your Own Food" inflationbeating campaign is receiving widespread publicity in Britain. A couple who works a land allotment in the London suburb of Ealing was reported to have harvested, in the last 12 months, crops of globe artichokes, 10 varieties

Alpine strawberries responsible black-berries, and "enough tomaties to feed South Ealing."

The demand for allotments has shot up recently and, according to a spokesman for the National Society for Leisure Gardene the official body which protects the interest o allotment holders, there are at present about 50,000 people on waiting lists for allotments in England and Wales, a jump from 21,425 at the end of 1978 and 27,208 at the end of 1974.

"Apart from the money saving aspect of lotments, the increase in high-rise building is causing more people to want to get out into the fresh air at weekends, and growing imbers are realizing that a patch of earth to cultivate is more rewarding than flogging off to the seaside," the spokesman said.

In the 681,780 altotment plots in England and Wales some 268 million (\$160 million) worth of

addition of cheese, rather than more ex- food is grown annually, the society reckons. an estimate based on an average of 2100 (\$235) per allotment, from which many allotment holders not only keep their families supplied with fresh produce, but are able to store tha

> In addition to the familiar clusters of allotment plots on the outskirts of most cities,

> florment gardening can be turned into a beautifying factor. Some 20 local authorities have introduced properly landscaped siles for allotments in central city areas with lawns. trees, and shrubberies, turning the areas into social centers and making them more accessible for people without their own transport.

Many cities have upgraded and improved their allotment altes. Some even have parking lots since some gardeners drive from home to

Sales of vegetable seeds also reflect the rush to "Grow Your Own Food" with Suttons of Reading, one of Britain's biggest seed producers, reporting an increase of 40 percent during the first quarter of 1975 over test year, which had showed an increase over the previous

The demand for seeds is spread across the usual varieties of vegetables with Chinese

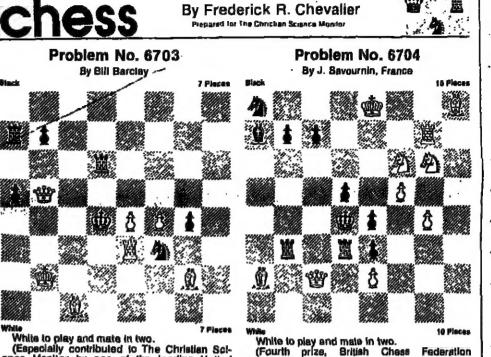
cabbage, spagnetti menti row gaining in popular A popular exhibit a to the life in the lif

The garden had been three months shead of senson in how vegalables such as cable carrots, runner beans, and lon nown in March and cut and pick

Visitors to the exhibition & the variety of vegetables with grown in such a small section spokesmen said. The exhibit on example of what sayone foot by 30 foot plot and work average family to have fresh with year round.
The exhibitors also pt

ing when to sow and when to warlettes of vegetables in this and "When one crop comes out and and you juggle with heights. Me don't lurine the most of the shoot

people/places/things



ence Monitor by one of the leading United States composers as a birthday greating to Comins Mansfield. Mr. Mansfield celebrates his 79th birthday on June 14. He ranks as one of the greatest two-mover composers.)

Solutions to Problems

End-Game No. 2205. White wins: 1 Q-Q5, R-R2; 2 Kt-Kt6ch, K-Kt2; 3 KtxR, KxKt; 4 P-K5, KtxP; 5 Q-B5ch, K-Kt; 6 QxBch, K-B2; 7 PxKt, Q-R4ch; 8 Q-B3, R-Q2ch; 8 K-B, Reeigns.

Tarjan Leads the Field

Jim Tarian of Berkeley was undefeated in the Wastern Qualifying tournament played last month in West Hollywood. His score, 7-2, led Thor Weinberger of Santa Monica by a half-point. Wainberger won six games, drew one, but lost two games; one to Jeff Kent and the other to agraph. Thornally of Boston.

But it was a different story When Tarian and Thornally met. As the score below indicates, Tarjan was able to get a passed QP, and then to develop a devestating K-aide attack.

Nimzo-Indian Defense

. MINN	ZO-IIIQI		
Tarjan White	Thomally	Tarjan White	Thornally Black
1 P-QB4	KI-KB3	17 P-B4	,P×b
2 Kt-QB3	. P-K3	18 RxP	·P-K#3
3 P-Q4	B-Kt5	19 RxKt	· PxK
4 P-K3	P-B4	20 Q-R5	KI-KI3
6 B-Q3	0-0	21 QxP	QR-K
6 Kt-B3	P-Q4	22 R-83	Kt-K4
700	Kt-B3	23 R-R3	P-B3
8 P-QR3	BxKt	24 Q-R4	K-B2
4 . A. C. D.	PXBP	25 Q-Kt3	Q-Q3
10 BxBP 11 B-Kt2	Q-B2	26 R-R7	R-KK
11 B-Kt2	P-K4	27 R-KB	K-B
12 B-K2	B-Kt5	28 R-B5	R-K2
13. P-Q6	OR-Q	29 BxKt	RxB
14 P-84	P-QKI3	30 R/7-R5	P-K13
- 15 KI-KIS	BxB	81 RxR	Resigns
16 OxB	KI-K2	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. real grow

A Great New Book on **Great Chess Tournaments**

"The Great Chess Tournaments and Their Stories." Is its name, and it's by Andy Soitis, one of New York's young meeters. Carefully researched and written in an easy style, the volume contains accounts of ten exciting tournstments, plus anecdotes of the players and their inclutes.

ubby

RE DO YOU BUY

DIFFORMS MORE SECURED TO LARE BORN HIRES have intended if projectly landscaped so so her allotanent 'do chaired crisis orders with having, dried the best of the carring the arrive into second when the it making them never makes

loy the story of Pillebury's triumph in the 1895 Hastings tournament.

After the Hastings story we are taken to St. Petersburg in 1914. Hera Lasker edged dut Capablanca, as he did in the next tournament of importance, New York, 1924. Lasker had by then lost the world opening to Capab

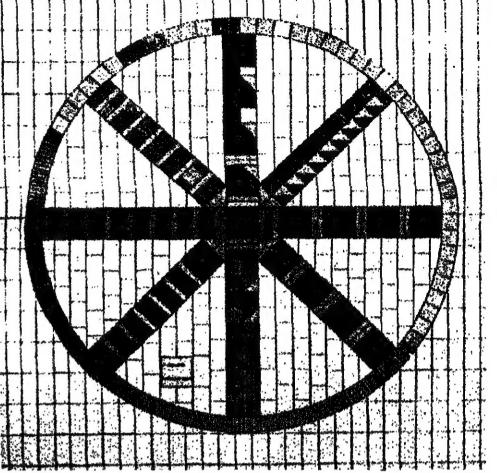
then lost the world championship to Capab-lanca, but this time he led his rival by a point

and a half, in spite of losing to his arch rival (his only loss). Capablanca lost to Rell, and Alek-hine, who defeated Capablanca for the title

three years later, lost two games, to Lasker and to Rati. New York, 1927, was one of Capablanca's greatest successes, but it established Alekhine's right to a match.

harmanni tana tana By Guernsey, to Pelley





T-Cantralen: a Stockholm subway stop - with imagination

In Stockholm

Catch the train and grab a little art en route

The Christian Science Monitor

Station in Paris displays reproductions of the famous works found in the museum above, And in Stockholm, art in varjous shapes and forms brightens up the Tunnelbana.

Regardless of the city, the purpose is the same — to uplift the spirits of those using public transportation

In Stockholm, by law, all public building must have at least some artistic decoration. Therefore, Swedes have used their underground system as a place to experiment with art — using stoneware rods, ceramic tile, wall paintings, sand blasting in concrete, glass prisma plates, stone and inlaid glass mosaics.

The last two tournaments in this exciting re-telling of modern chass history are Bled, 1961, and San Antonio, 1972. At this point, Bobby The third extension to the Stockholm subway from T-Centralen to Hiulsta will open Sent. 1. and seven of the 10 stops will display

> design theme of royal blue leaves against a backdrop of soft azure blue and white on the ings and walls. Although the leaves give way to geometric designs, the continuity remains, A room honoring the workmen carpenters, electricians, welders, and foremen — continues in the same color tones. and My idea here was to create a complete o environment." says Mr. Ullvedt, "I wanted to give it some kind of character, but I purposely

staved away from green leaves because that is too natural. Also some of the other stations: have used green. I like the old Swedish medieval churches, and I have tried to bring the secco paintings to the people. My most thrilling moment was when I was drawing the designs and working with the painters under-

What makes this station unusual is, instead of squaring off the area with right angles, the ceiling and walls have been kept in the natural state after blasting through rock : just a layer painting. The result is like being in a cave. Aithough the natural form was kept for its own sake, this construction feature saved one million krona in labor and material costs.

individual artists, with the only taboos being religious and political areas. This, however was overlooked in the work of Sirl Derkert, whose leftist leanings were reflected in her work, created on the walls of T-Centralen.

Although not all stations are decorated with themes of the surroundings, two, aiready empleted, are: The Stadion Station located in an area where many foreigners live, is decorated with African and other foreign motifs, while Tekn. Hogskolan (Technical High School) takes on designs reflecting that

The Tunnelbana, which runs 180 kilometer north and south and 100 kilometers east and west, carries some 70 percent of the people working in Stockholm to their jobs.

"Our goal is to make it 75 percent," say Ingemar Backstrom, general manager of AB Storstockholms Lokaltrafik. Because of traf-fic consestion, pollution, and fuel son-sumption, government officials and our management want people to use their cars less and our rails and buses more. We want people to ise our system because it is saie, the train run on time, and we have tried to make our underground stations as attractive as pos-

A limited amount of advertising is permilled. "Advertising is rigidly enforced," Mr. Backstrom explains, "There are no liquor or rigarette ads. Nothing harmful to health is hillowed to be adver . ised in the subway."

SIZ as it is called shares one thing in common with traffic companies all over the world — it is running at a deficit.

"Conly 50 percent of our expenses are paid by the tariffs." continues Mr. Backstrom. The rest comes from the County of Stock-

holm. Bocause of the deficit and rising costs, it

is not possible to have altin every station." 'ii) those statious where art work is not used, pictifies are folated between two or three stations each year:

French/German

Europe : le parti communiste

par Joseph C. Harsch

Les Soviets ont piqueté l'Europe de l'Est à leur profit dans le cadre de la prétendue doctrine Breinev. Fort de cette dernière le Kremlin revendique le droit d'utiliser l'Armée rouge pour maintenir envers Moscou la loyauté des partis communistes dans chaque pays dui se trouve actuellement à l'intérieur du système soviétique.

Ceci n'est pas précisément un fait nouveau dans l'histoire. C'est une situation similaire dans son genre (avec des différences) à celle de la doctrine Monroe qui a été utilisée par intervalles depuis 1823 pour neutraliser l'intervention de puissances dans les Amériques et cela au désavantage des Etats-Unis.

Il y a amplement place pour arguer sur ces deux doctrines. Les historiens différent d'opinion sur les intentions premières et la validité ultérieure de la doctrine Monroe. La doctrine Brejnev est plus précise. Cela ne semble laisser aucun doute que le Kremlin entend l'utiliser pour empêcher l'un ou l'autre de ses « protégés » de l'Europe de l'Est d'échapper à ses griffes. Mais les « protégés » de Moscou cux-mêmes contestent ses implications, comme le font également certains partis communistes dans d'autres parties du monde. Elle

séparés menant au socialisme -. La Roumanie maintient un esprit de rébellion généralement accepté face à la doctrine Breinev. Les démocraties contestent la validité de la doctrine, mais respectent son application.

D'une façon générale, la situation est que la doctrine Monroe tient les intrus plus ou moins à l'écart des Amériques, tandis que la doctrine Brejnev exclut les capitalistes de tout ce qui se trouve à l'est de la ligne Stettin-Trieste. Cela ne se passe pas exacte-ment de cette façon bien entendu. La Yougoslavie de Tito n'est pas soumise la discipline de Moscou et Cuba de Castro n'est pas sous l'influence de Washington. Mais d'une façon générale les Amériques constituent une sphère d'influence américaine et la plupart du territoire sis entre l'Elbe et Vladivostok est dans la sphère d'influence soviétique.

Mais juste en ce moment les Soviets, qui sont fort jaloux de leur droit de contrôle sur l'Europe de l'Est, ne sont pas découragés de voir quelque doctrine identique tirer un avantage de la situation politique actuelle du Portugal.

Si l'Europe de l'Ouest devait respecter la doctrine Brejnev, il en résulterait un quiproquo de la part de Moscou et de son idéologie quant à la sécurité de l'Europe de l'Ouest. A un certain moment l'alliance de l'OTAN était suffisante dans ce but. Mais c'était à une époque où la seule menace visible de l'intégrité de l'Europe de l'Ouest était d'ordre militaire. Maintenant la menace est différente.

Au Portugal, le peuple a rejeté le communisme à une majorité écrasante. Cependant les communistes ont réussi à fermer l'imprimerie du journal porteparole du parti socialiste qui était le grand vainqueur des élections portu-

Il est difficile de voir comment Washington pourrait mettre sur pied une doctrine Monroe pour l'Europe de l'Ouest. Dans le climat international actuel une telle mesure serait considérée par de nombreux Européens de l'Ouest comme une ingérence dans leurs affaires. L'initiative devrait venir des Européens de l'Ouest, Washington se tenant prête à accorder son soutien si elle était sollicitée.

Mais Washington pourrait faire en sorte que les droits de l'Europe de l'Ouest soient respectés lors de futures négociations avec Moscou concernant la détente. Washington pourrait aussi tranquillement faire savoir que si Moscou encourage les communistes au Portugal (qui se trouvent à la solde de Moscou), elle doit alors s'attendre à ce

que les Etats-Unis ignorent la doctrine Brejnev.

De toute évidence, Washington ne va pas tenter de fomenter une véritable révolution en Pologne, en Tchécoslovaquie ou en Hongrie - si grand que soit son désir de voir ces pays se libérer eux-mêmes du joug du Kremlin, Mais il y a des choses dépourvues de toute instigation à la révolution qui pourraient être faites. John Foster Dulles avait l'habitude de dire : « Donnez leur propagne de leurs propagnet de quoi s'occuper de leurs propres affaires. » Le CIA était l'instrument de cette sorte de travail. Il est possible que dans sa forme actuelle il ne puisse plus être utilisé dans de tels buls. Il bien perdu de son mystere. Wais. néanmoins avec un peu d'imagination on pourrait faire quelque chose, sulfisamment pour mettre Moscou dans

petits souliers. Après tout, l'Union soviétique es probablement la chose la plus instable en son genre. Elle est peuplée de minorités que la domination des Russes répugne.

Il y a des choses qui pourraient être faites. La meilleure de toutes serait l'équivalent de la doctrine Monroe l'instigation des Européens et qui de vrait être reconnue par Moscou s l'Ouest devait respecter la doctrine

Europa und die kommunistische Partei

Von Joseph C. Harsch

Die Sowjetunion hat unter der sogenannten Breschnjewdoktrin Osteuropa für sich abgesteckt. Diesem Grundsatz gemäß beansprucht der Kreml das Recht, die Rote Armee einzusetzen, wenn cs darum geht, in jedem Land, dos jetzt zum sowjetischen Block ge-hört, sicherzustellen, daß die kommunistischen Parteien Moskau die Treue wahren.

Dies ist nicht gerade neu in der Ge-schichte. Man könnte die Breschnjewdoktrin (mit gewissen Unterschieden) mit der Monroedoktrin vergleichen, auf die sich die Vereinigten Staaten seit 1823 hin und wieder berufen haben, um fremde Mächte daran zu hindern, sich zum Nachteil der Vereinigten Staaten in die Angelegenheiten der Länder Nord-, Mittel- und Südamerikas ein-

Uber beide Doktrinen ließe sich streiten. Die Historiker vertreten unterschiedliche Meinungen in bezug auf die ursprüngliche Absicht und die spätere Gültigkeit der Monreedoktrin. Die Broschnjewdoktrin ist genauer. Es bestellen kaum Zweifel, der Kreml beabsichtigt, durch sie einen Abfall seiner osteuropäischen Vasallen zu verhindern Doch Moskaus Vasallen selbst stellen ihre eigentliche Bedeutung

and so do some of the communist parties in

other parts of the world. It violates the Tito

doctrine of "separate roads to socialism."

in Frage, ebenso wie es einige der kommunistischen Parteien in anderen Teilen der Welt tun. Die Breschniewdoktrin widerspricht der Titodoktrin: "Getrennte Wege zum Sozialismus." Rumänien lehnt sich vermutlich gegen die Breschnjewdoktrin auf. Die Demokratien erkennen der Doktrin ihre Gültigkelt ab, doch sie respektieren ihre Anwendung.

Ganz allgemein gesagt, verhält es sich so, daß die Monroedoktrin mehr oder weniger Außenseiter von den Ländern Nord-, Mittel- und Südəmerikas fernhält, während die Breschnjewdoktrin Kapitalisten aus allen Gebieten ausschließt, die östlich der Linie Slettin-Triest liegen. In der Praxis sieht das natürlich etwas anders aus. Titos Jugo-slawien steht nicht unter Moskaus Vormundschaft, und Castros Kuba läßt sich nicht von Woshington beeinflussen. Doch allgemein gesagt, stehen die amerikanischen Staaten unter US-Einfluß, und beinahe das ganze Geblet von der Elbe bis nach Wladiwostok steht unter dem Einfluß der Sowietunion.

Im Augenblick läßt sich aber die Sowjetunion, die um ihre Kontrolle über Osteuropa so ängstlich besorgt ist, durch keine ähnliche Doktrin davon abschrecken, die gegenwärtige politische Lage in Portugal auszunützen.

Wenn Westeuropa die Breschniew-doktrin anerkennen soll, dann sollte

Sicherheit vor Moskau und seiner Ideologie zuerkannt werden. Der Nordatlantikpakt erfüllte einmal diesen Zweck. Doch das war zu einer Zeit, wo die einzige sichtbare Gefahr für die

Integrität Westeuropas militärischer Art war. Die Gefahr liegt nun woanders. In Portugal hat die Bevölkerung mit überwältigender Mehrheit den Kom-munismus abgelehnt. Doch es gelang den Kommunisten, die Zeitung der sozialistischen Partei, die in den portu-giesischen Wahlen als Sieger hervorging, stillzulegen.

Es ist schwer zu sehen, wie Wa-shington eine Monroedoktrin für Westeuropa aufstellen könnte. In der internationalen Atmosphäre, die heutzutage herrscht, würden viele Westeuropher einen solchen Akt seitens Washingtons als Einmischung in ihre Angelegenhei-ten betrachten. Westeuropa sollte den ersten Schrift unternehmen, und Washington sollte bereit sein zu helfen, wenn es dazu aufgefordert wird.

Doch Washington könnte für seine weiteren Verhandlungen mit Moskau über die Entspannung die Achtung Westeuropas zur Bedingung machen. Ferner könnte Washington es durchsickern lassen, daß Moskau, sollte es die Kommunisten in Portugal ermutigen (die von Moskau dirigiert werden), damit rechnen muß, daß die Vereinigten Staaten die Breschnjewdoktrin ignode-

Natürlich wird Washington nicht versuchen, tatsächliche Revolutionen is Polen, der Tschechoslowakei ode in garn anzustiffen — wie gern gruch sehen würde, das diese Lünder sich von dem Joch des Kremt frei pachen Doch auch abgeschen von Aufwiegelung zur Revolution gibt es Dinge, die unternommen werden könnten. John Foster Dutles sprach immer wieder davon, sinnen in ihrem eigenen Land das Leben souer zu machen". Der CIA war das Instrument für derartige Tätigkelten. Vielleicht ist er in seiner jetzen Form nicht mehr für solche Zwecke verwendbar. Sein Deckmantel wurde ihm praktisch abgenommen. Aber mi einem bißchen Phantasie könnte med immer etwas getun werden, des e Moskau unbehaglich zumute wird.

Letzten Endes befindet sich ja wah die Sowjetunion mehr als jedes ander Land auf unsicherem Boden. Es git dort viele Minderheiten, die sich m der Herrschaft der Russen frei macht

Es gibt mehrere Möglichkelten A besten wiire so etwas wie eine von den Europüern aufgestellte Monroekkrii. müßte, wenn der Wosten die Bresch-njewdoktrin beachten soll. die von Moskau anerkant

Europe and the Communist Party

similar in kind (with differences) to the lying east of the Stettin-Trieste line. It doesn't work exactly like that, of course. Tito's' Monroe Doctrine which since 1823 has been Yugoslavia is outside Moscow's discipline and used off and on to keep outside powers from interfering in the Americas to the dis-advantage of the United States. Castro's Cuba is outside Washington's influence. But broadly speaking the Americas are an America sphere of influence, and most There is ample room for argument about both doctrines. Historians differ over the territory between the Eibe and Vladivostok is

in the Soviet sphere of influence. original intent and the subsequent validity of .. the Monroe Doctrine. The Brezhney doctrine But right now the Soviets, who are so jealous of their control over Eastern Europe, are not is more precise. There seems little room for doubt that the Kremlin intends to use it to deterred by any similar doctrine from taking advantage of the present political state of prevent the escape from its clutches of any of affairs in Portugal. their East European clients, But Moscow's clients themselves challenge its implications,

If Western Europe is to respect the Brezh nev doctrine then there should be a quid pro quo for the security of Western Europe from Moscow and its ideology, At one time the

the big winner in the Portuguese elections.

It is difficult to see how Washington could issue a Monroe Doctrine for Western Europe. In today's international climate many Western Europeans would regard any such act by Washington as interference in their affairs. The initiative should come from Western Europeans, with Washington ready to give

support if requested.

But Washington could make respect for Western Europe part of any further negotia-tions with Moscow over detente, Also, Washington could quietly let it be known that if Moscow encourages the communists in Portugal (who are under Moscow discipline) then it must expect the United States to ignore the Brezhney doctrine.

This is not exactly novel in history. It is

In Brezhnev doctrine. The democracies deny but that was in the days when the only visible attempt, to sit up any actual revolution of the Americas while the Brezhney doctrine more or less keeps outsiders when the people have over-themselves from the Kremlin's volume. It is doctrine excludes capitalists from every thin the Soviet system.

In broad, terms the school of the Americas while the Brezhney munistry succeeded in closing down the source of incidence at things short of incidence at the source of incidence Dulles used to talk about "giving then thing to worry about in their own backyard." The CIA was the instrument for that kind of got Perhaps in its present form it is no long usable for such purposes. Its cover has red well been blown. But still, with a well been blown. imagination, something could be done, enough to make Moscow uncomfortable.

After all, the Soviet Union is probable most unstable thing of its kind. It is h minorities who resent the dominance of

There are things that could be done is all would be the equivalent of a life.

Doctrine proclaimed by Europeans which would be the equivalent of a life. would have to be recognized by Moscow West is to respect the Brezhnev doctrine.

French/German [This religious article appears in English on the Home Forum page]

raduction de l'article raligieux paraissant en anglais eur le page The Home Forum (Une traduction francaise est publiée chaque semains)

Ne sommes-nous pas tous un?

En réalité, chacun est pour toujours un avec tout ce qui est bon, aimé,

Dieu, Esprit infini, Amour divin, est notre Père-Mère toujours présent, et nous sommes tous Ses enfants bien-aimés, demeurant en harmonie. Nous sommes des idées complètes, satisfaites, parfaites de la création spirituelle de l'Entendement divin.

Christ Jésus reconnaissait la paternité universelle de Dieu quand il recommanda à ses disciples : « N'appelez personne sur la terre votre pere; car un seul est votre Pere, celui qui est dans les cleux. De même il exprimait une compré-

hension claire du sens spirituel de la famille quand il proclama : • Quiconque fait la volonté de mon Père qui est dans les cieux, celui-là est mon frère, et ma sœur, et ma mère. »

L'homme Jésus n'était pas limité dans son existence par un sens humain de famille ou de parenté. Il était divinement inspiré par le Christ, la Vérité, et entrevoyait les vérités éternelles de l'être. Il vit et comprit la filiation éternelle de l'homme avec Dieu et en guérissant et régénérant les hommes et les femmes, il prouva l'in-finitude et l'universalité de l'Amour

Le Christ est présent dans notre existence aussi, apportant toujours la guérison, la joie et l'accomplissement. Nous pouvons tous acquérir une com-

> Die heilende Berührung der Liebe Gottes

In der Bibel verheißt uns Gott: "Dich will ich wieder gesund machen und deine Wunden heilen."

Wollen Sie sich mehr der heilenden Fürsorge Gottes bewußt sein? Vielleicht sollten Sie Ihr Verständnis von Gott erweitern und vertiefen. Ein Buch, das Ihnen dabei helfen kann, ist Wissenschaft und Gesundheit mit Schlüssel zur Heiligen Schrift von Mary Baker Eddy. Es enthüllt die immer gegenwärtige Güte Gottes, Seine Macht und Seine Liebe.

Wissenschaft und Gesundheit spricht von Gottes Unwandelbarkeit und Seinem Gesetz, dem Heilen durch Gebet. Das Buch kann Ihnen zeigen, wie Heilung und Erneuerung in Ihr Leben kommen können, wenn Sie Ihre Auffassung von Gott und dem Menschen andern. Es zeigt Thnen, wie die biblischen Ver-Reißungen sich erfüllen Gie V können das Buch erhalten, wenn Sie sich an die folgende Adresse wenden:

Miss Frances C. Carlson Publisher's Agent One Norway Street Boston, MA, USA 02115 Schicken Sie mir bitte das Buch Wissenschaft und Gesundheit mit Schilissel zur Heiligen Schrift:

Ich überweise den vollen Kaufpreis von 8.00 US Dollar. préhension plus élevée de Dieu et de notre véritable identité en tant L'homme existe en Dieu. Chacun de nous est uni à Lui et manifeste Sa nature. Dieu seul nous a conçus et « Il faudrait bien comprendre que nous exprimons Sa perfection immuable. Dans notre être véritable nous tous les hommes ont un Entendement. exprimons naturellement les qualités un Dieu et Père, une Vie, une Vérité et un Amour » 3 écrit Mary Baker d'amour et d'intelligence.

Où que nous soyons nous pouvons reconnaître le fait que nous, ainsi que ceux qui nous entourent, sommes éellement les enfants de l'Entendement divin — des idées spirituelles, impeccables et belles. Et parce que nous sommes tous des expressions de l'unique Entendement, il ne peut y avoir aucun manque de communication ou de compréhension qui puisse nous éparer les uns des autres.

Nous demeurons éternellement dans l'Amour divin, en sécurité, soutenus par la Vérité, gouvernés par le Principe divin. Chacun de nous est unique, exprimant individuellement des aspects différents de l'infinitude de Dieu, mais nous sommes tous sensibles à Sa bonté et la reflétons. Et parce que nous sommes tous un avec la Vérité et l'Amour divins, nous sommes tous un les uns avec les autres.

¹ Matthieu 23:9; ² Matthieu 12:50; ² Science et Santé avec la Clef des Ecritures, p. 467.

*Christian Science : prononcer "kristienn 'salennos

La traduction française du livre d'étude de la Science Chrétienne, « Science et Santé avec la Clet des Ecritures » de Mary Baker Eddy, existe avec le texte an-grate en regert. On peut l'achier dans les Salles de Lec-ture de le Science Chrétienne, ou le commender à Frances C. Cerison, Publisher's Agent. One Norway Bireel, Boston, Massachusette, U.S.A. 02115.

[This religious article appears in English on the Home Forum page] Übersetzung des sui der Home-Forum-Seite in englisch erscheinenderi religiösen Artikels

Sind wir nicht alle eins?

schöne, geistige Ideen. Und weil jeder

einzelne von uns ein Ausdruck des

einen Gemüts ist, kann es weder

mangelnde Verständigung noch man-

gelndes Verständnis geben, die uns voneinander trennen könnten.

Wir leben ewiglich in der göttlichen

Liebe, sicher, von der Wahrheit er-halten, vom göttlichen Prinzip regiert.

Jeder von uns ist einzigartig und

drückt individuell unterschiedliche

Aspekte der Unendlichkeit Gottes aus.

doch wir alle sind für Seine Güte

empfänglich und spiegeln sie wider.

In Wirklichkeit ist jeder einzelne auf immer eins mit allem Guten, er wird geliebt und ist erwünscht.

qu'expression spirituelle de Dieu.

Science Chrétienne*.

Eddy, Découvreur et Fondateur de la

Cet énoncé est une vérité fondamen-

tale de l'être spirituel. Il sape et peut détruire les croyances à la limitation

ou à la séparation. Lorsqu'il est

compris spirituellement, il peut déra-

ciner les craintes et les désappointe-ments associés aux rôles sociaux, cul-turels, raciaux et sexuels générale-ment attribués aux individus. Il proclame l'égalité et l'originalité de

chaque homme, femme et enfant en

Der unendliche Geist, die göttliche Liebe, ist unser immer gegenwärtiger Vater-Mutter Gott, und wir alle sind Seine geliebten Kinder, die in der Harmonie leben. Wir sind vollständige, zufriedene, vollkommene Ideen der geistigen Schöpfung des göttlichen Gemüts.

Christus Jesus erkannte die universale Vaterschaft Gottes an, als er seinen Nachfolgern dringend ans Herz legte: "Ihr sollt niemand euren Vater heißen auf Erden; denn einer ist euer Vater, der im Himmel ist."

Desgleichen zeigte er ein klares Verständnis von dem geistigen Begriff von Familie, als er verkündete: "Wer den Willen tut meines Vaters im Himmel, der ist mein Bruder und meine Schwester und meine Mutter." 3

Der Mensch Jesus war in seinem Leben nicht durch einen menschlichen Begriff von Familie oder Abstammung begrenzt. Er war von dem Christus, der Wahrheit, göttlich inspiriert und erschaute die ewigen Wahrheiten des Seins. Er sah und verstand, daß der Mensch ewiglich Gottes Kind ist, und als er die Menschen heilte und wiederherstellte, bewies er die Unendlichkeit und Universalität der göttlichen Liebe.

Der Christus ist auch in unserem Leben gegenwärtig, er bringt heute noch Heilung, Freude und Erfüllung. Wir alle können ein höheres Verständnis von Gott und unserer wahren Identität als der geistige Ausdruck Gottes

Man sollte es von Grund aus verstehen, daß alle Menschen ein Gemüt, einen Gott und Vater, ein Leben, eine Wahrheit und eine Liebe haben", schreibt Mary Baker Eddy, die Entdeckerin und Gründerin der Christ-liches. Wilsemediatis. ... s. riebb. 2004. Diese Erklätung ist eine fundamen:

tale Wahrheit des geistigen Seins. Sie entzieht den Annahmen von Begrenzung oder Trennung jede Grundlage und kann sie zerstören. Wenn sie geistig verstanden wird kann sie die Befürchtungen und Enttäuschungen beseitigen, die mit der allgemein ak-zeptierten sozialen, kulturellen, ras-senbedingten und sexuellen Rolle des einzelnen verbunden sind. Sie ver-kündet die Gleichheit und Ursprünglichkeit jedes Mannes, jeder Frau und jedes Kindes überall in der Welt.

Der Mensch existiert in Gott. Jeder von uns ist mit Ihm vereint und tut Sein Wesen kund. Gött allein hat uns erzeugt, und wir bringen Seine unwandelbare Vollkommenheit zum Ausdruck. In unserem wahren Sein drücken wir ganz natürlich die Eigenschaften der Liebe und Intelligenz

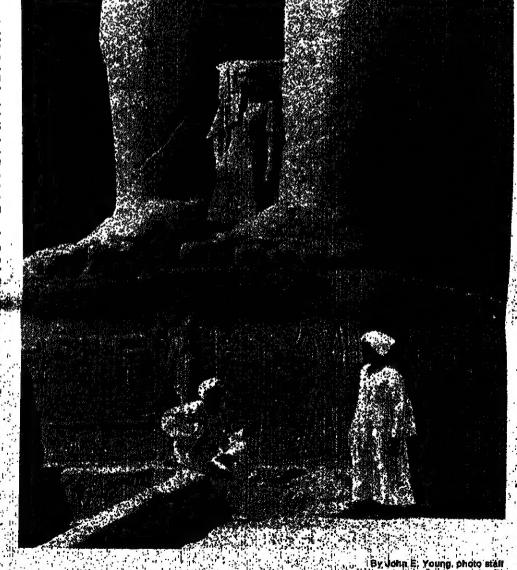
aus. Wo immer wir sind, können wir die

Tatsache anerkennen, daß wir und alle um uns her wahrhaft die Kinder des Und da wir alle mit der göttlichen Wahrheit und Liebe eins sind, sind wir alle eins miteinander göttlichen Gemüts sind — makellose,

¹ Matthäus 23:9; ² Matthäus 12:50; ² Vis-zenschaft und Gezundheit mit Schlitzsel zur Heiligen Schrift, 8, 467.

**Christian Science*, eprioh: kriistjen stalens.

Die deutsche Übersetzung des Lehrbuchs der Christichen Wissenschaft "Wissenschaft und Geeundhaft mit Schlüssel zur Heitigen Schrift" von Mary Baker Eddy, ist mit dem englischen Text suf der gegenüberlisgenden Seite erhaltlich. Das Buch kann in den Lesezimmern der Christlichen Wissenschaft gekauft werden oder von Frances C. Carlson, Publisher's Agent, One Norway Street, Boston, Messechuseits, USA 02:15.



At the feet of Ramses II, Abu Simbul, Egypt



"Bicycles" 1968: Tempera painting by Robert Vickrey

Anyone, I suppose, would have said that our friendship — mine with Philip Waller — was rather an odd one; seeing that . Philip was helty and brave whereas I was small and quick to

It all began one hot summer bedtime. Next door there lived. (to my young mind), an old witch disguised as a nursemaid. who spoke sharply to little boys who made any loud noise. So magine my glee when suddenly the long twilight was split by the kind of sound an elephant makes at the charge.

I dashed to the window to see what would happen as a result of this witch-defying commotion. At a rear bedroom window of the house across the road. I saw the faint gleam of a bugle.



but Philip found the patience and energy to run

A debate



Village warmth

Dear Christopher, Your little essay, "More than a Charm of Finches," is more than charming. But something in it alarms me: you seem to believe that there really is a town called

This is a fallacy.

Your mistake is excusable: thousands of other people - residents, schoolchildren, visitors, cartographers - also imagine that Giggleswick exists. But belief does not validate a superstition, and Giggleswick is self-evidently impossible: no real town could conceivably bear such a name.

ness? Have you been living too long in the grandeur, but of totality. They collect and

Perhaps you should return to the city: cities do not encourage wild imaginings.

Can there really be a town called Giggleswick?

Better still, we city-dwellers are never fooled by rustic-folklore — even though we possess many rustic amenities of our own.

Boston's misty silences, for example, are only enhanced, not destroyed, by the cooing of fire engines, the caroling of sirens, the surf-swish of passing cars, and the murmur of innumerable poets. When a large vehicle slumbers in a narrow street, other vehicles assemble behind it in a docile herd, musically lowing. What could be more bucolic.

occasionally shares its treasures with the world. Then songs of yearning, generously amplified, work their benign magic. The paint wriggles off the zebra crossings and disappears down the nearest grating; parking meters flee whimpering up the street. What could be more convenient, for motor-

ists?
Now contrast the city's pastoral festivity
with the countryside's brutal turmoil: hornets stamping about on lilies, dew crashing dissat down on grass, bullfrogs honking, geese gaggling, tractors raging o'er the lea. Bees, having caroused all day with flowers, lurch home at dusk, bawling their ribald drinking songs. And if peace miraculously erupts, it is suitable transported by the authority representation. quickly vanquished by the subterranean roar. How do you stand it? I suppose London is of earthworms charging through the wincing one of the most thoroughgoing cities in the

earth. How can you stand it?

However, if you still prefer sheep-bleat to the birdlike twitter of police whistles, I shall try to understand. If, instead of diesel oil's understated fragrance, you cherish the most the price of food. They love its understated fragrance, you cherish the most world—"and yet what do people love about London? Not the rush hour or the traffic jams or the rates or the blocks of faits or the bus queties or the price of food. They love its respect your stoic nose." But now, can be applied your belief in impossibilities such as

authentic concerns; concrete, money, or the Primrose Hill? sweet blush of red tape. Bring your genius to But it is the culture in cities that country bear on the civilizing labors of sober, people lack! I hear you cry.
realistic, practical people — people such as, Ah, but. Do you know whi dear Chris.

Your urban fan,

Nell Miller

I have decided to answer your letter from

Having noted your advanced state scepticism regarding the possible existence of Giggleswick, I have some doubts about correspondence posted to you from that place ever actually arriving: it would probably vanish en route, like invisible ink, under the alchemy of your disbelief.

Your city-environment has evidently swamped your sensibilities to such a degree that you can no longer envision any other kind of surroundings.

That's the trouble with cities: they fill the How can you credit such Giggleswicked- horizon. They have delusions, not only of

> A city is just a village that's overdone things!

hoard precious jewels of countryside, grasp green-belts, eat hamlets, swallow districts, like avaricious unsatisfied dragons.

And oh! Mr. Millar: how right you are: no town exists called Giggleswick. Only a city-man would make such a mistake. Giggles-

Anyway I aren't fooled for a minute urban bally-hoo. Tha' knows that I know that we both on us know that any place be a state o' mind, no less. Your kind o' Boston-prattling ain't neither muck-nor-net ties to the likes o' me.

A state of mind, that's what a city is; and Near where I live, a pop record shop yearning. Nostalgic for the good old days and yearning for pastoral pleasures. All that clever irony can't hide the fact that your city-state-of-mind is not contented.

> What, after all, is a city? Just a village that's overdone things. Every city was a village once. But not all villages are potential cities. It is only those villages that are uncertain of their identity which may become cities; so, whereas a village can be perfectly satisfied, a city inevitably contains dissatisfaction.

And city-dwellers? Either they are trapped in the city or choose to live in it.
While one can feel great sympathy for the first, the second invite either pily or admira-

Giggleswick? "... rimmed Lindon as Perhaps you aren't aware that the angient mabitable, visitable, tourist worthy are the Couplet

Let nomen nagge, nowomen niggel, with chings this city has borrowed from the Uthings the beilie Wick of Giggel

Withings the beilie Wick of Giggel

has been discredited by modern scholar and order. St. Giles in the Fields, Shepperd's sking. So let me humbly invite you to visit the city, of, more longing for, the warmth of village and focus your rich attention on more life than such names as Parson's Green, Bush And what could be more reminiscent

Ah, bit. Do you know which is the most popular painting in London? It's got to be Constable's "Haywain."

Yours with metropolitan rusticity,

Christopher Andreas

The Monitor's religious article

Aren't we all one?

In reality, everyone is forever one with all cultural, racial, and sexual roles of individ-good, loved, wanted. cultural, racial, and sexual roles of individ-uals. It proclaims the equality and original-

divine Mind's spiritual creation.

followers to "call no man your father upon the earth: for one is your Father, which is in heaven."

Likewise, he expressed a clear under-standing of the spiritual sense of family when he proclaimed that "whosoever shall do the will of my Father which is in heaven, the same is my brother, and sister, and separate us from each other.

proved the infinitude and universality of divine Love. healed and regenerated men and women, he one with each other.

The Christ is present in our experience, and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 487, too, still bringing healing, joy, and fulfillment. We all can gain a higher understanding of God and our true identity as the spiritual expression of God.

"It should be thoroughly understood that all men have one Mind, one God and Father, one Life, Truth, and Love,"† writes Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science.

This statement is a fundamental truth of spiritual being. It undermines and can destroy beliefs of limitation or separation. When spiritually understood, it can eradicate the fears and disappointments associated with the generally accepted social,

Inch worm—dangling

Across the strands of dow, The inch worm lifts his bridge; He measures oak and yew And clover field and hedge -Then lifts himself askance And teeters on the edge.

He estimates the sheaf, The fruit buds on the limb: Then scales a plantain leaf And wavers on the rim.

He maps with sober care The summers of the grass, The dangers of the air -And softly dangles there.

After the voices, the laughter, dissension and resconing loudly together, come now where the learn of sea music

softly sounds and overhead the tympismy of a dry twig muching another in sentle agreement. And in the pause between a distant

wave and wave lift the listening ear

is voice enough and company and silent laughter, innocent, marry,

The beat of a bird fiving

and grave.

Cartographer of earth.

Louise McNeil

good, loved, wanted.

God, infinite Spirit, divine Love, is our ever-present Father-Mother, and we are all His beloved children, dwelling in harmony.

Man exists in God. Each of us is united We are complete, satisfied, perfect ideas of with Him and manifests His nature. God alone has conceived us, and we express His

Christ Jesus acknowledged the universal unchanging perfection. In our true being we fatherhood of God when he urged his naturally express the qualities of love and intelligence. Wherever we are we can acknowledge the fact that we and those around us are truly the

children of divine Mind — flawless, beau-tiful, spiritual ideas. And because we are all expressions of the one Mind, there can be no lack of communication or understanding to

We eternally abide in divine Love, secure, The man Jesus was not limited in his sustained by Truth, governed by divine experience by a human sense of family or Principle. Each of us is unique, individually parentage. He was divinely inspired by the expressing different aspects of the infinitude Christ, Truth, and glimpsed the eternal of God, but we are all responsive to and verities of being. He saw and understood reflect His goodness. And because we are all man's eternal sonship with God and as he one with divine Truth and Love, we are all

*Matthew 23:9; **Matthew 12:50; †Science

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Burnham Eaton

to the land where the sound of the sea went.

of the house ecross the road, I saw the faint gleam of a busile.

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The house ecross the road, I saw the faint gradually a saw the here and came near. I saw the faint gleam of a busile of the faint gradually for the head of the faint gradually faint gradually for the head of the faint gradually faint grad

Soon I was able to ride, but only just At once was soon I was able to ride, but only just At once was soon I was able to ride, but only just At once was soon I was able to ride, but only just At once was soon I was able to ride, but only just At once was soon I was able to ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. In time, of course, the steep hills destroyed me lift ride. steadying my wobbling progress.

Only in my fentacies was I a truly equal partner with the braving adventures in which I was forever saving the braving adventures in which I was forever it were the leaver it was saving and the saving adventures and the saving and

Don't let them throw sand in your face

Have you had the feeling lately that you're just not holding your own? Are people — even little people — pushing in front of you at check-out counters? Are other cars - even Beetles - beating you to the intersection at the Great Crossroads of life? Are complete strangers occupying your space while - as we all know - space is running out?

Stop hanging to the cliff edges of your existence, like the last reel of "Perils of Pauline." A rope is being lowered to you, you poor passive clod, and it is called "assertiveness-training."

What is assertiveness-training? One of the gurus of the new gospel, Janice La Rouche, has been appearing on television to deliver The Message, There are, it seems, two wrong things to be: "compliant" (you over the cliff); and "aggressive" (you on top pushing him or her down there). "Assertive" is the happy state of inbetween: the Golden Mean.

Miss La Rouche, who claims that she used to be compliant — psychically speaking, a 97-pound weak-ling, getting sand scuffed in her face — is now a charming but formidable Charles Atlas. When last seen she was appearing - confident as could be - on the A.M. America Show, detailing the latest episodes in her ongoing soap opera of assertiveness ("As the Worm

"I was in this bank," she recalled. "In a great hurry, as I always am. A man began to sidle in front of me. I said to him, 'I believe you just came in. The end of the line is (gesture) over there.' He said, 'Gee, you must be in a hurry.' I was, but that wasn't the point. I said (terrifying smile): 'The end of the line is over there,' "

Score one for La Rouche. Other equally devastating triumphs followed. The steak assertively sent back to the kitchen. Too rare, Or was it too well done?

Then there was the cab driver whom Miss La Rouche reduced from aggressiveness to abject compliance by asserting: "Would you turn your radio down?"

Miss La Rouche closed her act by engaging in a few assertiveness role-playing contests with her TV host, confiding to the audience: "I'm telling myself that he's a lead-person, and I don't want to be rude. But . . . " The result: One totaled MC.

"If you don't assert, you'll never get what you want,"

Miss La Rouche summed up. "You'll go through life. saying: 'I wish I had said that . . . I wish I had spoken

Meanwhile, another assertiveness expert, Dr. Herbert Fensterheim, co-author of "Don't Say Yes When You Want to Say No," has announced he will deliver a lecture to the Oversens Press Club in New York on the

subject: "How to Be a More Assertive Nowkperson."

Are the asserters going too far? Certainly leaching either newspersons or New Yorkers assertiveness seems about as necessary as pushing a runnway Mack truck (with no brakes) downhill.

All right. One sees what Miss La Rouche and Dr. Fensterheim are getting at. One could hardly miss, could one? But what a sad, tight-smiling, humorise business this is - Standing Up for Your Rights, air self-respect depended on Not Letting Anybody & Away With Anything.

If only those assertiveness-trainees with their laperecorded rehearsals (recommended by both Miss La Rouche and Dr. Fensterheim) were asserting more than self! - pushy Me as opposed to all the pushy Yous.

Almost nothing can stop a cliche whose time has come. The notion that the squeaking wheel gets the grease has replaced the inspiration that the meek will inherit the earth. The question that remains is this: Given a world of nothing but squeaking wheels - and we may be getting there - would the meek really want

Vietnam: the terrible price of ignorance

-How could we spend 50,000 lives and \$150 billion in a country almost exactly on the opposite side of the earth about which we had never heard before 1945? Perhaps this extreme remoteness of Vietnam is part of the explanation. Being almost completely ignorant about it, we could easily fill our minds with many nonfacts. The tragedy begins with this factor of ignorance.

Our self-image in Vietnam was derived from extra-Vietnamese sources, not from any role that we understood for ourselves on the local scene. Judging by pronouncements of our statesmen, our troops were in Saigon and other strange places to defeat "communist aggression" coming from a North Vietnam which we had never seen.

Our role in defending the South after 1965 was first seen as an equivalent of our defense of South Korea 15 years before. It was also sired at forestalling a southward expansion of Chinese communism (which the Chinese evidently never had in mind).

To say that we lacked an image of our role in South Vietnamese society is another way of saying that we were basically willing to use Vietnam for our own strategic purposes. To defend an allied regime is only a very pale appression for what happens when half a

gely to oil prices.

million American troops bring guns that bombard rural areas and bring PXs that corrupt our urban auxiliaries. The observation that we were greatly accelerating the urbanization of Vietnam as millions of refugees fled to the cities was true enough, but not necessarily to our credit or to the benefit of the South Vietnamese.

In short, our war effort brought not only physical destruction but a social disaster. Like the Japanese in their eight-year war in China in the 1930s and '40s, we thoroughly softened up the old society and in fact probably brought it into a suspension from which Hanoi can now precipitate a new social order with greater case than would otherwise

have been the case.

The anticommunist generals whom we supported in most cases had been part of the French colonial forces that had already been defeated by the native Viet Minh, in 1954. The patriots who we hoped would form a strong South Vietnamese, anticommunist regime were for the most part unconnected with the gress roots where popular mobilization can be achieved and political power developed. In other words, we picked up the remnants of the French disaster and tried to use them to shape an American success. The outcome was a foregone conclusion.

One chief factor that made this possible was the absence in our minds of an historical understanding of the modern Victnamese revolution. By degrees, when it was too late, we began to realize that it was a revolution inspired by the sentiment of nationalism while clothed in the ideology of communism as policd to Vietnam's needs. Of all the early anti-French revolutionary movements, the Victnamese Communist Party had shown the highest survival capacity, partly because of its secret methods and international contacts. By 1945 the movement led by Ho Chi Minh and its United Front, the Viet Minh, had inherited the leadership of a national revolution. A few studies of this development were available, but we did not heed them. The result was that in the name of being anticommunist, vague though that term had become by 1965, we embarked on an antinationalist effort.

This kind of error, and there were many others like it, was facilitated by our lack of background contact with the Vietnamese people. In Japan we had from an earlier generation many liberal friends through whom we understood the rise of Japanese militarism. In China we had a long background of many personal contacts not only

Japan's sun still rising

Tokyo to 14 percent, with the prospect of 9 percent The Japanese polity may be fragile (as next year. External payments are again in plany say), but it appears to have weathered balance. In 1975 growth is expected to reach the turbulence and absorbed the strains of the 4 percent or so, expanding jobs and payrolis.

By underscoring Japan's dependence on the By underscoring Japan's dependence on the

the tensions the party they mist share responsibility for the international scopolitic order.

ity it design straings.

If the content of the cont As one step, they have been diversifying lifetr markets, reducing the share of exports to the U.S. from over 30 percent to 20 percent, by the U.S. from over 30 percent to 20 percent, by expanding experts to Western Europe, the Middle Bast, and the communist world. But move algoritically Japan, is now, actively cooperating with the U.S. and Western Europe in the resphaping and operation of the global system for trade, money, investment, food, energy, and other problems.

The impact of these years has also prompted Japan to clarify and define its own ylews on security and its role in the Aslan region, it has been normalizing relations with China and the Soviet Union, and expanding trade with them. Blocks on Chins, the monetary system, and the soybean exports. And 1973 was far worse, with the oil crisis followed by laffation and samp; and finally came the collapse in Statheast Asia. Fin 1974 the economy suffered biddy, indus-bial output dropped 18 percent and GNP 2 percent, inflation reached 25 percent, with wiges jumping over 30 percent; Working time

hid payrolls fell sharply. The balance of dyments ran a deficit of \$3.4 ballon, owing Soviet Union, and expanding trade with them, while keeping, "equidistant," from both and refusing to be drawn into taking sides in their Now the Japanese seem to be getling the common back on the track, inflation is down

Yet Japan relies more explicitly that ever on U.S. support for its security. The debacts in Southeast Asia did not seem to raise serious doubts about the U.S. commitment to Japan.

The Japanese feel more concern however.

Critical to a malesie section to the research of the congression attitude activity with the major tempt from the congression attitude activity with the major tempt from the congression into trying to abover or attack the South. And they are considering how Japan might reinforce the ITS guarantee by joint planning of other ways.

For the longer term, Japan face difficult political problems at home. In particular, if will have to reorient its economic to give nigher priority to the quality of lifetonusing, pollution, recreation) instead of growth for its own sake. A demand already-liberging before the present crists, Nove, with a projected growth rate of a pr 7 percent for the future, this reshaping of political sail entail greater strains and sharper political sail entail greater strains and sharper political sail entail greater strains and sharper political sail to the making the necessary choicie and saverying them out, it is by no means sure. The Liberat Democratic Party swhick has governed for an item out, it is by no means sure. The Liberat Democratic Party swhick has governed for an item out, it is by no means sure. The Liberat Democratic Party swhick has governed at for an item out, it is not means sure.

with the many excellent people in the Nation alist regime, but also with the Communitati

By the late 1940s we knew that there we revolution in China and our rations's putation about the merits of the Chim Communists and the Nationalist government was generally based on knowledge me #

Yet our historical sense was some that in looking back at the "fall" d China h communism, we did not think in the word the major fact that we had learned enough sense to stay out of it. Instead of this child positive fact, the minds of our leaders were filled with the fear that a manufactured "his of Vietnam" could be used in America politics as the "loss of China" had been used This subjective consideration about the ir tunes of candidates in American politics is index to the myopia of the American police mind concerning our East Asian experience,

Professor Fairbank is chairmen of the Council on East Asian Studies at Harvard. These excerpts are from an article by him In the June Newsletter of the Horsel Graduate Society for Advanced Study and

now supported by less than a majority of the voters, although it helder a majority in the life and about half of the upper house. The facility combosing the new competitive and in composing the paris are competitive mis cine Minister, Mr. 186, 189 of the smaller ones. Moreover, he is all liberal than the main body of the part all is uncertain how fair he will be able to the liberal than the will be able to the liberal than the will be able to the liberal than the liberal

is uncertain how far he will be party.

The current Diet, for example, is read his bills for improving the political spin will be monopoly last. Yet the opposition prist are too divided to offer an aiternative, rate of the pelitical system to respect to the pelitical system to respect to popular pressura for reform could, a core ultimately general two-cial instability. On bulance, horizoner, the effects of it recent years seem to me beneficial, spin recent years seem to me beneficial, spin growing awareness of the need fir a not growing awareness of the need first section role in Asiacand in the giphal system.

active role in Asiacand in the global system of and for close cooperation with Western from as well as the United States for interesting purposes is a forting gain for interesting order.

Dr. Bowle Lear framber of the Hard Center for International Affolia and of the Harvard faculty My

COMMENTARY

Joseph C. Harsch

Britons and Americans still stand together

inside the European Common Market is a recall past associations between the two disappointment to many different types of people in Britain, and to some in the United

I am not concerned here with those who opposed the outcome because they are Marxsts or Stalinists and hence were either consciously or unconsciously serving the Kremlin. Nor am I concerned with those of the right wing of the Conservative Party whose attitude was conditioned by ancient British

enophobia.

But I am deeply concerned about a sincere group which has long dreamed of a day when Britain and America would merge their interests and activities beyond anything that happened during World War II when the two peoples did, in Winston Churchill's words, "get a little bit mixed up together."

Friendly and easy collaboration between the two countries dates from the turn of the century when British difficulties in South Africa and American difficulties in the Philippines made them aware of interests in common and none in serious conflict. The partnership formed at that time survives in an organization in London which still meets regularly. It is called "The Ends of the Earth

countries and urge their continuation.

This collaboration reached a higher level in World War I and its highest point to date in World War II. The Anglo-American high command which managed victory on the Western front in Europe in 1945 was the most successful experiment in military cooperation since the Duke of Marlborough and Prince Eugene brought their respective British and Austrian armies together in central Europe to win the Battle of Blenheim. There was friction at General Elsenhower's headquarters, yes, but he always managed to keep it under

Winston Churchill hoped that this close partnership of war days would continue after e war. To some extent it did. The rosy afterglow still permits a special case in relations between British and American diplomats. It extends into military and academic

Those who shared the Churchillian hope for closer and more permanent Anglo-American ties after the war have been disappointed. The two countries have not always reconciled their battle plans. The British sent their armies into

military support in Vietnam. Of late, American policy in the Middle East has not been approved or supported in London.

Those already disappointed by several divergencies of London and Washington policies have tended to assume that their hopes for closer Anglo-American ties were incompatible with British membership in the Common Market. Many of them have believed that the decision taken in Britain to stay in the Common Market would forever doom their preference for the Anglo-American relation-

In the hope of being of some comfort to such people I would like to submit that the two are in fact compatible, not incompatible, and that what has happened will reopen rather than close the door for a revival of the closer Anglo-American ties which they desire.

Those ties have been frayed by policy conflicts (as noted above), but even more by Britain's lagging economy. A partnership works well between equals. There has been decreasing equality of late between America and Britain. That equality could not now be

Suez in 1956 in defiance of Washington wishes.

The Americans were unable to secure British union of the 'United States, Canada, and Britain. Britain would be swallowed up and its essential identity smothered in such a union. Canada is passing through a vigorous indepen-

> No one can be sure of the result of Britain's decisive commitment to the European Common Market. But it could be a device which helps Britain pull itself out of its current economic problems. If it does, then Britain could reemerge as the vigorous and creative eader of the European community. And by that road might come a new equality between Americans and West Europeans, and the British peoples.

It is just a matter of straight reporting to say that Britain's best friends in Washington applaud the outcome of the referendum. They do so because they believe that it will make Britain a more valuable friend and a more ikely future partner. Whether it will remains to be seen. But faith in Britain's future has been in short supply in Washington for some time. It has been revived by this action which is almost universally regarded in Washington as the best news out of Britain since World

Where have all the hippies gone?

He is going off on a long journey, this young man who may be watched to see what s happening to the generation that a few years back was setting new tashion in dress, in life-styles, in moral and political per-

I am not aware whether sociologists have learned what became of the so-called Hip-plet. We know that they disappeared and that the wave of young people who followed them were altogether of a different mind. An informal manner, a longish cut of hair, anopen style of relationships — these remain among today's young even as they abjure politics and withdraw in the colleges to scramble for high grades. But those who a few years ago created the new pattern and sang the new songs — what has become of them?

Some, no doubt, have simply retreated into the work-a-day world. The respectable young businessman who rode beside me on

the bus this morning, this reader of the Wall Street Journal, was perhaps in the sixtles striking anger and terror into the hearts of college administrators, or demonstrating on the Sheep Meadow in Central Park, The pull of the establishment is atrong; a protective coloration is often hard to resist. Never-theless there will be others, I suspect, who like my young friend are at this stage setting forth upon their own long journeys.

He has followed, in the years between, a way of life of his own making. Work has not seemed the end of existence, but a recurrent necessity, not altogether unpleasant yet certainly not something to pursue for its own sake. He has taught school, given desultary expression to his artistic talents, found ntermittent satisfaction in an outdoor job which brought him into daily contact with people and with the changing seasons. But mostly living itself has seemed to him a kind of work; the forming of friendships has seemed the major art. One thinks of him in his own place, one of those run-down but expansive lofts which exist unexpectedly in city neighborhoods -

the bane of urban bureaucrats who want to condemn them as unsafe but the natural halinf of poets and free spirits.

Here he has established not only his own ommonwealth, but rules it by his own economic laws. Money he puts into small piles. When these are numerous enough he

finds reasons to escape his current job and to mediate for a while or go off on a trip. When the piles decline in number, he gets busy Wanting somewhat to ease a life necessarily deprived of many treats and luxuries, his family at Christmas gave him a check of

several hundred dollars. He thanked them warmly, and later revealed he had given that

exact sum to his church. One could sympathize with the family's exasperation, yet I think I understood the principle at work. To be poor and to feel poor must be one of the most wretched of human conditions. But to be poor and to feel rich — to be poor and still be able largely to share — that must be close to a state of beatitude. It isn't an easy time for the young to be

traveling. Everything is expensive and the low estate of the dollar is a double affliction. In lands that once seemed made for the wanderer and searcher, from the South Seas to the Himalayas, the footloose young are regarded as suspect. To be an American, moreover, is no longer to be assured of an easy popularity. Yet I suspect our traveler will find his way, at sea or on land. And perhaps one day, hopefully not too far off, hose who now watch him wistfully as he departs will learn what he was looking for, and what he found.

Charles W. Yost

Dictatorships are making Uncle Sam uneasy

United States administrations came to feel that any enemy of communism was a friend of the United States and deserving of its support. embracing not only the democracies of West and "neutralists" and risk the stability of the ern Europe and Japan but many regimes regime If the U.S. still presed, they yould not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, and "neutralists" and risk the stability of the more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, more active role in supporting overly and not but native in the U.S. could indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, and indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, and indeed play a ministration or Congress, will not be helpful, and indeed play a ministration or Congress. After a decade or so the U.S. found itself.

Throughout this process America spoke of the "defense of the free world" and often behaved as though freedom had only one enemy, communism. At times, it is true, the U.S. tried to persuade its authoritarian clients that a little more liberalism would really pay both in reassuring American opinion and strengthening their own domestic positions; that a touch of land reform would win over the peasants; that diluting a hard-line government with a few turne "centrists" would brighten its image,

The U.S. never got very far with these exercises in public sanitation. Its clients -Chiang in China, Diem and Thier in Vietnam, Syngman Rhee and Park in Korea, Ayub and ahya Khan in Pakistan, generals in Thailand and colonels in Greece — soon developed an effective technique for dealing with America. They would make some token concessions,

watered down to meaninglessness. But if the U.S. proposed reforms which might cut close to the bone, they replied blandly that such

America was, a paper tiger before these imperturbable autocrats, Indeed some Amer-ican ambassadors, who took too literally their instructions and pressed too hard, found it was they and not their prestigious charges from under whom Washington pulled the rug. Now that the cold war has considerably abated, now that the U.S. is involuntarily out. of Vietnam, and now that America is reassessing its foreign policies, is it not time to consider tilting toward democracy?

This does not mean that the U.S. can or should try to impose democracy throughout the world, or even make the world "safe for democracy" as Woodrow Wilson suggested. Many countries, a considerable majority, are not prepared to practice democracy in the American sense and will not be for many

What this analysis suggests is a twofold reorientation of policy. First is that the U.S.

support authoritarian regimes, simply because they are anticommunist and occupy strategic real estate.

The most immediate case in point is certainly the Iberian peninsula. The political future of Portugal hangs in the balance. Despite the sweeping victory of the Center in the recent elections, the ultimate decision no doubt rests with the military group which actually rules.

One would have thought the most useful posture of allies toward them would be quiet but tangible evidence of political and economic support. Yet what they seem chiefly to receive from the United States are public threats of exclusion from NATO if they

On the other hand, in Spain President Ford, motivated no doubt by a desire to retain bases there, reemphasizes America's public em-brace of a notorious dictatorship just when it

may be on the point of disappearing.

Other sensitive and unstable points in the

Mediterranean are Italy, Greece, and Turkey, each democratic in its own way but each in transition to an uncertain destination, Here again, American fullminations, by either administration or Congress, will not be helpful,

regime which continues brutally to choke off all manifestations of democracy.

Other significant signals, having no doubt a considerable impact throughout Africa and the "third world," will be displayed by America's posture toward the new states of Mozambique and Angola, as compared with its posture toward the oppressive minority governments of Rhodesia and South Africa. Which way will the U.S. tilt?

Examples gould be multiplied but the question is whether, in its bicentennial year, America will choose to returbish its faded democratic image. I happen to think it not only would be right but would pay...

The author of this article writes from a background of 40 years as a United States:

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